

THE STRATHMORE AND BOW VALLEY

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Vol. XI, No. 32

Strathmore, Alberta, May 12th 1920

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Auditor's Financial Statement and Returns OF THE TOWN OF STRATHMORE For the Year 1919

Revenue Account as at 31st December, 1919

To Venture Redemption	\$ 224.00	By Tax Levy 1918 (for Municipal Purposes only)	\$725.87
Interest	1349.80	Tax Penalties Added to Arrears	19.21
Sinking Fund Payments	400.00	Of Taxes	51.90
Grants and Donations	892.90	Of Taxes	51.90
Salaries	65.50	Fines	5.49
Office Expenses	206.81	Licenses	122.60
Postage, Printing & Stationery	257.71	Tramway Receipts	495.27
Legal Expenses	357.57		
Interest and Exchange	252.65		
Public Works	416.57		
Health and Relief	171.48		
P.W. Department	417.70		
Town Hall Expenses	62.90		
Police Department	131.45		
Insurance	292.81		
Miscellaneous	25.00		
Refund of Taxes	15.60		
Workmen's Compensation Dept	24.29		
Tax Collection Costs	127.68		
		By Balance from above	\$91.13
		By Balance from 1918	709.58
BALANCE—Surplus	\$91.13		\$795.71
	\$882.18		

Balance Sheet as at 31st December, 1919

ASSETS	LIABILITIES
Cash on hand and in Bank	Bank Overdraft
Uncollected Taxes 1501.60	School District Balance at Credit
Less Reserve against Non-collection	Debtors Liability as above statement
2008.70	Due Dept. Municipal Affairs Act.
Concurrent Debenture Assets	Sup. Rev. Tax Collected
1122.32	To Others
As depreciated by debtors principal repayments of year	Debtors Interest accrued but not due
2347.73	Uncollected Sup. Rev.
Sinking Fund Balance in Bank	Unredeemed Debenture Appropriations
545.45	Park Fund
In Victory Bonds	Town Property
1120	Revenue Surplus
Investments—	
Office Furniture	
191.22	
Police Department Furniture	
49.30	
Well	
157.25	
Town Property (see list)	
808.40	
Sup. Rev. Tax Uncollected	
68.95	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$1918.22

STATEMENT OF MUNICIPAL TAXES	STATEMENT OF SCHOOL TAXES
Assessed Valuation	Valuation of Assessable Land
Rate 45 Mills	Current Levy—
722.87	At 55 Mills
Total Current Levy	At 5 Mills
11526.92	At 5 Mills
Arrears including penalties	Total Levy
1926.70	724.44
Total taxes due	
13641.62	
Payments—	
Current	Arrears
2712.50	462.86
Discount	Penalties
282.84	1225.29
Arrears	Total Arrears
1225.29	787.87
Exemption and Cancellation	Total Taxes Due
124.00	15074.16
Amount Cancelled on Forfeiture Claims	Payments—
2885.41	Current
Amount Uncollected	Discount
\$306.87	118.40
SUPPLEMENTARY REVENUE TAX ACCOUNT	Exemption and Cancellation
Total Valuation of Assessable Land	Amount Cancelled on Forfeiture Claims
\$6070.00	100.00
Current Levy—	Amount of Estimates for
At One Mill	Portfolios
60.37	2578.92
At Five Mills	Amount Uncollected
301.85	415.92
Added Amounts on Minimum Tax	Amount of Estimates for
2.00	Current year
Arrears of Taxes incl. Penalties	Balance due on estimate from previous year
54.21	\$11.16
Total Taxes Due	Amount paid to school board during year
Amount Cancelled	2751.75
Amount Uncollected	Amount Paid to School Board in excess of Collection
Due Dept. from Previous Year	115.02
12.75	Real Estate (Building & Land)
Total Amount Paid Dept.	As per
Amount Collected But Not Paid to Dept	2764.77
27.74	Fire Apparatus
	Fire Insurance Carried
	300.00

Community Social

(Continued)
Strathmore Women's Institute gave a very enjoyable and profitable evening at the King Edward Hotel on Tuesday last week, and were able to hand to the secretary of the Hospital Board \$50 as a result.
Responding to invitations to a birth special, a number responded and were decorated to represent their birth month.

The entertainment took the form of a musical evening the programme in charge of Mrs. Hall, Gleichen Constituency Convent, was opened by all singing "O Canada," next was a double song number by Mrs. T. Phillips, contralto, all joining in the chorus of second number "Love's Old Sweet Song," next on programme, Mrs. E. V. Todd, soprano, gave a double song number, all joining in the chorus of last song "Let the rest of the world go by." Now we are ready for the stunt programme, and all were grouped according to their birth month.

These groups were given booklets with the name of the month and name of well-known song and were given thirty minutes to compose words to fit the times. After time was called all groups sang their compositions. May children winding and unwinding the May Pole. This part of the program proved a big hit, for some of the local poets did good work, considering our spring has been so long in coming and sides of spring were overlooked while the mind had frequent mention: the words of the compositions were written in the booklet and returned to the Women's Institute.

Next was the search for supper partners and a substantial lunch was served at tables, and so all were finishing supper came the song fest of the evening for table after table starting a song it was quickly taken up by all, and in a standing ovation taken for Community Singing for Strathmore, it was by all, and plans are in the making and will be announced shortly for an organization meeting to be soon on.

Below is the list of new settlers to old times:

JANUARY—"Auld Lang Syne"
When Father Time, he came this year
He found it very cold.
He said this is a lucky year,
For maiden young and old.
For this is last year, don't forget;
So hurry up and find
The man who'll make you happy
Yet
And lots of dollars find.

FEBRUARY—"Old Black Joe"
I've lived in Strathmore, where I've lived since long ago
I want to stay for I like to see the snow
And when I'm sick to the hospital I go
Nurse Williams will put lots of pep in
Old Black Joe
I'm going, I'm going, and I think it's good to know
You've got a nurse to comfort you
When Doc says so
We're contented, we're contented
This Women's Institute shoo.
We hope they'll soon be having snow
—OLD HOT HOT—
MARCH—"Annie Laurie"
It was early in the morning
When they brought in the milk
Confusion on inside page

STATEMENT OF DEBENTURE DEBT AS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1919

REPAYMENT PLAN	REDEMPTION
Rate of Interest	Interest
Principal	Principal
Amount of Annual Payment	Amount of Annual Payment
Amount Redeemed	Amount Redeemed
Amount Unpaid	Amount Unpaid
Proportion of Debt to Assessment	Population 540
Debt per Capita \$58.61	

I hereby certify in the correctness of this Statement

Dated at Strathmore this 28th day of February 1920.

W. R. LILLY

Sec. Treas

Sec. Treas

J. H. Brand Selling Out

Last week an important business change took place when Mr. J. H. Brand sold out his general store business to Messrs Fox and Beach. An announcement of the change will be found in our advertising columns.
Strathmore people generally will regret to hear of the impending departure of Mr. Brand, particularly when it is learned that it is determined by Mrs. Brand's health. We hope she will recover her strength after a stay in Sunny California. Mr. Brand, during his comparatively short stay in this district, has conducted one of the best stores in the Province.
His successors, Messrs Fox and Beach, are experienced business men, and we have no doubts will maintain the best traditions of the store. Mr. Fox is a great war veteran, and was only recently demobilized, while Mr. Beach, who was in business in Regina, has not only been in the service but is at the present time manager of the General Supply Store at Wayne, Alberta. They will take possession on the 25th.

A social event of a very enjoyable nature, though not untouched by regret at the impending departure of the guests of the evening, was the social given on Thursday evening by the Strathmore Masonic Lodge in honor of Wor. Bro. S. O. Lones, at present Master of Strathmore Lodge, and Mrs. Lones. Mr. Lones sold out his farm some weeks ago, and is leaving shortly to reside in California, though the conviction was voiced by some of the speakers that Bro. Lones would be back in Alberta again before very long. The reason for his leaving at present is the condition of his wife's health.

A company of about 100, consisting of members and their wives and friends, sat down to a splendid supper served in the main hall of the Opera House.

After supper Wor. Bro. W. E. Brown, who acted in his usual good form as toast master, called on Rev. J. Montgomery to propose the toast to the "King," which he did in appropriate words, evincing the customary loyal expression in well-worded phrases. King George was not King of England and Britain alone. He was King of Canada just as much as England, and the same applied to Australia, Africa, or any other of the fine lands over which the Union Jack flew.

The toast of "The Craft" was proposed by Bro. Dobson, who did it justice in an address illumined by many humorous touches. Masonry was one of the oldest human institutions existing. It was a power for good in every land, and its benevolence was not confined to its own members, but spread over all humanity.
Dr. Givins had the honour of proposing the toast of "Wor. Bro. and Mrs. Lones." In doing so he said they felt the loss occasioned by their departure from the district and they would keenly miss Bro. Lones from the position of Master of the Lodge. Bro. Lones had been in the district like himself, for nearly eleven years, and was a member of the Lodge when it was originally formed. He had worked his way up to the highest honour in the power of Masonry, that of Wor. Master, and had performed the duties of the office faithfully and well, on behalf of the brethren, he had much pleasure in presenting to you, Bro. Lones with the Past Master's Jewel and Mrs. Lones with a sterling silver bread tray. (Applause)

In standing up to reply Bro. Lones said:

Following are totals as on Monday's count:

How the Competition is Going

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Farewell Masonic Social to Mr. and Mrs. S. Lones

did not get a chance to speak for some time owing to the continued singing of "God Save the King," and so forth, and prolonged applause. When he did get a chance, he said he had thanked them all very much for their exceptional kindness to him, and the beautiful gifts they had given him and Mrs. Lones. He was very early to leave Strathmore, where he had spent so many pleasant years, and had so many friends, and he hoped that it would be possible for him to come back later and see them all again. He had done his best while in the chair, and while he sometimes felt that he had not always got the office, he was pleased to see the Lodge continue to flourish. He had received great assistance from the other officers of the Lodge, and he had to thank them very much. He wished Strathmore Lodge, and Strathmore generally, continued happiness and prosperity.

Mrs. Lones in reply, said she had to thank them all for their splendid gift, and their expressions of esteem, which she said she had never expected. She would always feel very kindly towards Strathmore and its people, and felt very sorry to have to leave them.

The toast of "The Ladies" was proposed by Bro. John Mackenzie, who said that it would have been much better proposed by a bachelor, but there were very few bachelors in the Lodge, which was a testimony to the winning ways of Strathmore ladies. He spoke of the recognition which women's rights were now receiving, and the wonderful service they had given in the Great War, which could not have been won without their help.

The toast was responded to by Mrs. Lones, who said that she did not feel able to say much, but thanked them for the way they had received the toast.
In the intervals between the toasts songs were rendered by Bros. Loden, Richards, and Tom Ness, all of whom were in their best form, and had to respond to hearty cheers. A number of other choruses were also sung. Later in the evening Bro. O. G. Cruise, of Chetwynd, also contributed a couple of songs. Mrs. Howard made a very efficient accompanist. Following the supper the tables were removed, and the evening was continued a couple of hours. Bro. Lones was performing the duties of M.C. Mrs. Howard provided the music for the dance.

How the Competition is Going

Following are totals as on Monday's count:

How the Competition is Going

Following are totals as on Monday's count:

How the Competition is Going

Following are totals as on Monday's count:

Following are totals as on Monday's count:

First In Five Years

We have a splendid line of
PLAITED GRASS CHAIRS
for your selection

BOYS BUSTER BROWN WAGONS
\$7.50 8.50 & 9.50

Baseball Gloves, Mitts, Bats, etc. Tennis Balls and Rackets. Everything for your spring work—Hardware and Harness.

W. E. BROWN
HARDWARE HARNESS FURNITURE

Your Grocer

In buying your Groceries always look for Quality. We make groceries our specialty, and stock only the best, therefore it will pay you to deal with us.

BOW VALLEY SUPPLY CO.
M. B. GARRETT



IT'S TIME NOW
to give attention to save trouble,
leakage, roofs, etc., before the summer sets in.
TINNING OF THE BETTER KIND
is our specialty.
Furnace Repairing and all kinds of
Sheet Metal work given prompt
attention.

JAS. V. MORAN, OUTFITTER STANDARD OFFICE
STRATHMORE ALTA

STRATHMORE MEAT MARKET

BOORTZ AND McDONALD

DEALERS IN LIVESTOCK



HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR HIDES
FRESH AND SMOKED MEATS
OF ALL KINDS ALWAYS ON HAND

The Churches

UNITED CHURCH SERVICES

Rev. Theo. Philips, S. T. L., Pastor.

Calendar for this week.

Tuesday 7:30 p.m. Jr. Christian League Society. Address by Miss Horrell.

Tuesday 8 p.m. Choir practice. Services Sunday, May 16th.

11 a.m. Public Worship. Subject—"Christian Nature."

12 p.m. Sunday School. Lesson—"Victory by Returning to the Lord." 1 Sam. 7:2-17

7:30 p.m. Public Worship. Subject—"Offerings for the House of the Lord."

On Friday at 8 p.m. the Official Board will meet for the completion of business for the year. Full representation desired.

St. Michael and All Angels' Church

LIST OF RECEIPTS

Holy Communion

8:30 a.m. on the 2nd, 4th, and 5th Sunday in the month.

41 and 42 1st and 2nd Sundays

the month.

Matins and Sermon

11 a.m. Every Sunday.

3 p.m. Sunday School.

4 p.m. Holy Baptism.

Evening and Sermon

7:30 p.m. Every Sunday.

8:00 p.m. Evening and Choir practice every Friday.

The service will be given at special services on Festivals and Holy days.

The seats in the Church are free and unoccupied and everybody welcome.

Thursday next, being the festival of the Ascension, Commemorating our Saviour's Ascension into Heaven.

The following services will be held in St. Michael and All Angels' Church.

11 a.m. Holy Communion.

5 p.m. Vestments and choir practice.

8 p.m. Vestments and choir practice.

HENRY MONTGOMERY, M.A.

Church Warden

C. B. Bailey

W. E. Brown

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH

Services

May 21

Rev. M. F. MURPHY

THE STRATHMORE AND BOW VALLEY STANDARD.

Published Every Wednesday

Annual Subscription to Canada and British Empire \$1.50

Foreign Countries 2.00

Editor and Proprietor — John Mackenzie

Legal Advertising, 12 cents a line for first insertion, and 8 cents a line for each subsequent insertion—12 lines to the inch. Readers, 15 cents a line, Lost, Found, Astray, and Want Ad. advertisements, 2 cents per word first issue, 1 cent per word each subsequent issue. Advertising charge 50 cents first issue, 30 cents each additional issue. Display advt. rates on application, ask for Rate Card. Special positions extra.

Terms—Small or transient advts. cash on order. Contract advts. accounts list of month following insertion. Changes of advertisements must reach this office not later than noon each Monday.

Notices of entertainments, meetings, sales etc., at which admission is charged, articles sold, or a collection taken, with the exception of actual church services, will be charged for at regular advertising rates.

The Publisher is not responsible for opinions expressed by correspondents.

Strathmore, Alberta, May 12th 1920

SOLDIER-WITNESS OBJECTS TO MAKING THE PRARIES MORE HOMELIKE

GEN. McLEAN'S REMARK

Banner Claims First Statement Published in Press Was Accurate

The following are the contents of a telegram received by the provincial command of the Great War Veterans' Association in Calgary Friday from Secretary McNell, of the Dominion executive:

"In the examination of Mr. Bonner, of Vancouver, a witness before the re-establishment committee, Mr. McLean advocated reduced pensions for children's widows to force them to find employment. The witness stated that it would be unjust and in the ensuing discussion which followed, McLean made the conspicuous remark 'It is not a fact that the majority of the widows of private soldiers were from the poorest class'."

"The witness was immediately questioned by himself and his response elicited that the remark was grossly unfair and inaccurate. 'On the day following the dialogue I made an emphatic protest against the injustice and offensive remark on behalf of the Great War Veterans' Association. An explanation was invited but Mr. McLean made no further comment.'"

"On the following day the dialogue was deleted from the records but on a protest from Colonel Peck, V. C., and Colonel Cooper the insertion was ordered by the committee. The insertion was made in a modified and corrected form, which caused the signature of both Col. Peck and Col. Cooper from the parliamentary committee. In protest, the inquiry held on Thursday I was summoned as a witness and I swore that the statement inserted was not a true report of McLean's remarks. This was substantiated by Walpole my assistant, and the press reports."

The idea involved in the above heading is naturally that of making the prairies look more like home to people of Canada and from other countries where there are many trees. At the same time trees are suitable things and give an air of comfort to the landscape. More than that, in proper places, as along the borders of fields, trees are of great benefit to dwellers on the prairie. They form a wind break against cold winds in winter and against hot, dry winds in summer, they prevent snow from drifting deep about barns and outbuildings, and, as the windbreak and shelter-belt get older, the thinnings come in handy for posts and rails, and even for fuel. It used to be thought that trees would not grow on the prairie, but since over fifty-million tree seedlings and cuttings have been sent out to prairie farms by the Superintendent of the Dominion Forest Nursery Station at Indian Head and since at the request of western farmers about five-million more of these free trees are now going every spring, it is evident that old idea is now thoroughly exploded. It is harder to grow trees on the prairie than in the formerly timbered country of Eastern Canada, but the methods which must be followed are now known and have been embodied in bulletins which may be secured free upon application to the Superintendent, Forest Nursery Station, Indian Head, Saskatchewan.

U. S. MAGAZINES DISAPPEARING FROM CANADIAN MARKET

TORONTO May 5.—This city is now receiving from 54 to 61 tons of American magazines less each week than during normal distribution as a result of the shortage of paper in the U. S. The American Weekly (The Saturday Evening Post) which fairly flooded Canadian cities and towns with paper because so scarce, has practically discontinued its supply to this country. Some American magazines have ceased publication, some have reduced in size and some are issuing two months numbers in one to save paper. It is stated that it is not probable that within a month or two there may be no American magazines available for Canada, except those supplied to old subscribers. It is thought that shortly American newspapers also may be withdrawn from Canadian news stands.

DAMAGE IN TRACTOR LITIGATION REDUCED

The appellate division of the Supreme Court of Alberta have varied the judgment of Mr. Justice Stuart in the action of C. C. Nolan, of Port Fort, against Hollands, against The Emerson-Brantingham Company of Regina, reducing the damages to \$1,700 and costs, the respondent bringing the costs of the appeal. The Chief Justice, with whom Mr. Justice Beetz and Mr. Justice Beetz concurred, held that the only part of the damage claimed by the plaintiff to which he was entitled was \$1,500. Mr. Justice Beetz affirmed the judgment of Mr. Justice Stuart with the exception that he ordered the trustees complained of to be returned in the company. Counsel for the plaintiff, A. McLeod Stuart, J. C. and A. W. Davidson, for the respondent, A. H. Clark, R. A. and B. M. Edmondson. The case is to be appealed either to the Supreme Court of Canada or to the Privy Council.

Palace Bakery

ICE CREAM PARLOR

"VITA" BREAD — TWO LOAVES FOR 25c

Appetizing and Satisfying

Try our fruit buns. Fresh every morning.

THE STAR RESTAURANT STRATHMORE.

Service.

Improved considerably.

Quality.

Just one "The Best"

PRICES.

They don't need an inquiry.

Cooking.

'Just try it once, you'll be back again for more'

Our Special Dinner at 20 cents.

Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobacco.

Full line of Hot and Soft drinks and we

employ only white help.

THE STEADY SUBSCRIBER

How dear to my heart is the steady subscriber

Who pays in advance at the first of each year;

Who sends in his money, and does it quite gladly.

And casts round the office a halo of cheer.

He never says stop it, I cannot afford it.

Nor, 'I'm getting more papers now than I read.'

But always says 'send it the family like I';

In fact we all find it the thing that we need.

How welcome his letter whenever it comes to us.

How it makes the heart throbb, how it makes our eyes dance.

We outwardly thank him, we inwardly bless him.

The steady subscriber who pays in advance.

Many of the cow boys of the Man- work to do in this district before there can be much traffic over them as there is a lot of the grass covered with water.

er.

ONE CENT SALE

NEXT WEEK

Commencing Thursday

W. M. Marshall

There is going to be lots of road work to do in this district before there can be much traffic over them as there is a lot of the grass covered with water.

"Old Number One" Still Going Strong

YOU'VE heard of "Old Number One"—the first OilPull built—which came into prominence at the 1919 National Tractor Demonstration. Since 1909—eleven years ago—it has not missed a season up in the Northwest breaking soil. It has averaged 700 acres plowing a year and over a month's threshing besides miscellaneous jobs.

Its record so far is:
1750 acres wild soil breaking
5600 acres stubble plowing
320 days threshing—over
750,000 bushels

To enable the public to see just how an OilPull looks and how it works after eleven years' service, the consent of the owner of "Old Number One" was secured to bring the old veteran to the National Tractor Demonstration. One day it was working on its owner's farm in South Dakota—the next day

was on its way to Wichita. It entered the demonstration in its working clothes, alongside new tractors of all makes fresh from their factories, and its work on the demonstration field was excelled by no other tractor.

After the demonstration "Old Number One" was returned to its owner to go on its annual threshing run.

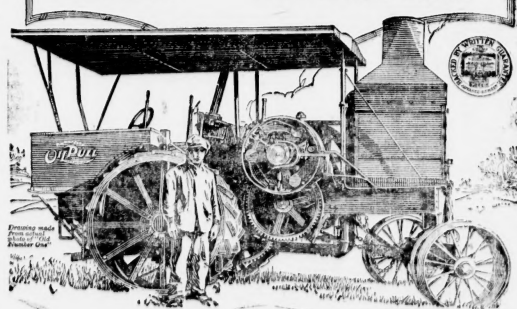
During its eleven years' performance, repairs have averaged less than five cents a day!

What a tractor can do is best told by what it has done. What "Old Number One" OilPull has done during all these years sets a record for tractor performance that any one can well use as a standard by which to judge any tractor made.

The OilPull is built in four sizes to fit all drawbar and belt requirements on every size farm—12-20, 16-30, 20-40 and 30-60 H. P.

T. H. EVES,

STRATHMORE, AGENT



Advocates Federal Aid For Development of Alberta Coal Resources

In debating the development of natural resources in the house of commons, D. L. Redmond, Calgary, said he had no use for the general idea put forth by Socialists that state control, but he believed the government could do some very useful and valuable work in taking hold of some scheme to see that the natural resources were developed along right and proper lines.

Major Redmond urged a definite government policy of cooperation in the development of natural resources. Scientific research along this line should be encouraged in every possible way and no policy of "fence wise and pound foolish" should be allowed to interfere with the sound development of the country's resources. Until some definite decision was made about handling over the country's natural resources to the province, responsibility for the development of these rested on the Dominion government, said Major Redmond, and even if the responsibility was delegated to the provinces later on, there remained to the Dominion government a useful field for controlling the standardization and providing for the sale of commodities. Such matters as exchange came within that scope. Major Redmond spoke at length on the natural resources of Alberta. The Dominion government, he said, ought to co-operate by assisting scientific research into the possibilities of low grade iron and coal. If these

could be made marketable, all would benefit. There was plenty of good coal in Alberta, he said, if railway cars could be modified to enable Alberta to compete for eastern trade and in this connection, Major Redmond supported an application which was pending before the railway commission for a reduction in the rates on coal from Alberta during the summer months to permit the miners being kept going uniformly 12 months in the year and to permit of the movement of coal traffic at a season when freight cars were available.

W. A. Buchanan, Lethbridge, spoke on the coal deposits of the west. He stated that 87 per cent. of the coal in Canada was to be found in Alberta and though it might be difficult to get this coal to the provinces of Ontario and Quebec, it would be worth the while of these provinces to encourage its production for use in the west thus saving Pennsylvania coal. He stated that the source of coal supply for Ontario and Quebec is of steadily employment which in turn came as a result for there being no permanent market for western coal. Transport difficulties might also be overcome by educating people to store coal in the summer for the next winter's supply. He advocated the gradual research into the possibilities of low grade iron and coal, which would stabilize the sales.

Mr. Buchanan ascribed much of the interest among Alberta miners to lack of steady employment which in turn came as a result for there being no permanent market for western coal. Transport difficulties might also be overcome by educating people to store coal in the summer for the next winter's supply. He advocated the gradual research into the possibilities of low grade iron and coal, which would stabilize the sales.

Growing Interest In Western Canada Farms

Settlers From U. S. Are Welcomed
In True Community Spirit

Increased interest in western Canada farm lands in many parts of the United States, and bright prospects for a big influx of American settlers, to the prairie provinces of Canada this season, are reported by the vanguard of new farmers from across the line.

To some extent the interest is due to the abnormally high price of lands prevailing in the States and in a larger to the hospitable treatment of the newly arrived settlers by people of the communities in which they have located. Land prices in Western Canada, while cheaper in comparison with those in the United States, give the purchasers as good, and in many cases, much better land, as well as a great saving of capital.

Near Dwight, Illinois, for instance, land that sold for \$40 an acre twenty years ago is today selling for \$600 an acre. An English agency owns a large estate of 50,000 acres near Dwight, and has sold 10,000 acres at \$10 an acre. Lately the rural has been increased to \$25, with the result that many tenants are vastly dissatisfied and are bent on leaving the country. Naturally they have turned their attention to Canada, as a country where they can make permanent homes for themselves, and where their children will not have to face the problem of high rents of land. Purchasing land at \$600 an acre is of course out of the question for practically all of them.

Some of these Illinois farmers purchased in Manitoba and Saskatchewan last year. They were loth to leave their old homes and seek their fortunes in a new land, as they felt they would be amongst strangers, who in no way would be interested in their welfare. They were surprised and delighted, however, on arrival to be met at the stations by the people of the communities in which they had decided to locate, who welcomed them to their new homes and served them with sandwiches and coffee. Their homes had been heated up by these cordial neighbors, they had been hauled into the barns for their stock and in one case a community feast was held in the church to make them feel at home and to give them an opportunity of at once becoming acquainted with their neighbors. These settlers are now sending enthusiastic letters to their friends back in Illinois and Iowa, telling them of conditions in the new life found there and urging them to come to Canada and establish homes here.

Champion of Canada
Producing 21,569 pounds of milk, yielding 1,061 pounds of butter under an official test for one year, a single 2-year-old Holstein heifer has attained another world's record for the Calgary Farm herd at Essendale, B.C., and becomes champion of the world. This animal is being "grounded" to beat the record of the famous California cow, Tilly Alalta.

W. N. U. 1312

Romance Of Handley Page

Absorbed in Work of Designing Aeroplanes For 14 Years

The romance of Frederick Handley Page and the romance of the evolution of the large commercial aeroplane are one and the same thing. The brilliant aeronautical engineer and inventor is now 34 years of age, and he has been absorbed in the work of designing aeroplanes for 14 years. Beginning his trade as an electrical engineer with the firm of Johnson and Phillips in Glasgow, Scotland, he made a name for himself by a profound paper in "Design of Direct Current," read before the Institute of electrical engineers, the Westinghouse Company of Pittsburgh, immediately made him a tempting offer to take over experimental work, but he refused, believing it to be his life work to build perfect flying machines.

His first experiment in 1906 took the form of a small box kite, "a most outrageous idea," to use his own later words. From this he proceeded to the construction of monoplanes of original design, which were not very successful. In 1911 he commenced work on the larger type of machines, which were used with great effect during the last few months he has designed a commercial aeroplane that is regarded as being amazingly successful.

Building Activity

Alberta Building Programme For This Year Involves Sum of \$15,000,000

New Buildings to the value of \$15,000,000 will be erected in Alberta during the present year. This estimate has been arrived at by A. B. Whittemore who is the general manager of the McLean daily reporter, an organization masquerading to the building trade in Canada as the "Building News."

Mr. Whittemore observes there is a notable tendency to erect community halls in Alberta, while at least 500 houses will be built in the province during the next six months. At least forty additional schools are being planned which will all tend to swell the building programme of the province.

Offices, warehouses and theatres are also among the buildings contemplated. Several of the cities of Western Canada issued more building permits last month than they have done in the corresponding month for several years past. At Winnipeg, Manitoba, their value exceeded \$550,000; at Calgary, Alberta, \$334,000; at Saskatoon, \$260,550.

Cost of Stefanoff's Trip

According to a return tabled in the House of Commons recently, the cost of the Stefanoff expedition to the Arctic was \$159,370.97. This sum included the cost of ships and supplies.

Guinea pigs begin to breed at the age of ten months.

Mounted Police Of Canada

Force Must Watch Frontier And
Indians As Well As
Enforce Laws

The report of the Commissioner of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police, A. Bowen Perry, will be the last of its kind, as the designation of the body of men has been changed to the Royal Dominion Mounted Police. The report is for the year ending September 3, 1919. The old force has now become the sole federal police force of the Dominion, its authorized strength having been increased from 2,200 men to 2,500.

Its duties have been defined as follows: (a) the enforcement of federal laws; (b) the patrolling and protection of the international boundary line; (c) the enforcement of all orders-in-council passed under the "War Measures" Act, for protection of public safety; (d) generally to aid and assist the civil power in the preservation of the peace wherever the government of Canada may direct.

In the course of his report Commissioner Perry touches on three duties as follows: To patrol the international boundary for the purpose of assisting the customs and immigration officials; to maintain law and order amongst the Indians on their reserves, and especially to prevent the use of intoxicants to supervise the mining and industrial areas; to watch the settlement of enemy nationalities and foreign war criminals might be designed and attitude antipathetic; and to enforce the law in the north-west territories and Yukon territory, and in the national parks where the force is the sole authority.

The new force also took over from the Dominion Police the duties of registration and controlling of alien enemies, the enforcement of the Military Service Act, the maintenance of the secret service and the protection of the navy yards at Esquimaux. Naturally, some of these duties since the cessation of the war have ceased to be effective. The report points out that "the general situation in the north of Canada during the past year has caused anxiety. The war left the world morally, physically and materially exhausted, and unrest everywhere. Canada has not escaped. Sections of our population have been affected and as a result, some of the strikes have had a sinister purpose although probably not realized by many who took part. The most serious was the Winnipeg strike which occurred last May and which led to sympathetic strikes in Brandon, Saskatoon, Edmonton, Calgary and Vancouver."

Remembering that during the war enemy aliens in the Dominion gave no cause for anxiety, comparatively few of them being interned, the commissioner reports as follows: "Before the war, many had been employed in railway construction which ceased when the war broke out, and these people sought employment in the large industrial centres and filled the places of our fighting men. They, as well as all foreigners, received the most consideration."

The Future of Durum Wheat in Western Canada

The word Durum is not applied merely to a variety of wheat, but to a group of varieties which differ from each other almost as much as the various sorts of ordinary wheat. The Durum varieties have, however, several characteristics in common. They are usually headed and have short, compact heads; the straw is rather weak; the kernels are extremely large and, as a rule, exceptionally hard. Most or all of the Durum varieties are more resistant to drought than ordinary wheats. This does not mean, however, that they will produce a good crop under very adverse conditions. Some of them show a good deal of resistance to rust, though very considerably in this respect. It is the bread-making qualities of the Durum made from Durum varieties, that are very large variations. Some of these varieties, such as Kubanka, are excellent for bread-making, while others, the majority perhaps, are decidedly inferior. The flour is usually of a yellow color, and the choice of color is in the case of Kubanka, and in others dull and unattractive. It is obvious, therefore, that if one decides to grow Durum wheat, the choice of the particular variety to be sown is not a matter of indifference.

The objections to the best varieties of Durum wheat arise not only from the yellow color of the flour, (a shade which is not fashionable at present), but to the extreme hardness of the kernels. Durum wheat in pure condition cannot be ground into flour by exactly the same system as ordinary wheat, and if the miller fails to deal with a mixture of Durum wheat and common wheat, the problem presented is very serious. Naturally, the millers are averse to changing their methods and will not do so unless a shortage of ordinary wheat is available.

New Packing Plant For Moose Jaw

Large Field to Draw From In The
Ranching Country to the
North and
West

The industry of Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan will shortly be augmented by a new slaughter and packing company, the Mid-West Packing Company, Ltd. This company has secured an option on some property formerly used as a brewery and will start immediate preparations for the installation of the necessary equipment for an up-to-date plant. The company has been registered in the province and is capitalizing with a capitalization of \$175,000. The provincial directors are all well known local business men.

The premises, which will include a slaughter house, packing plant and cold storage accommodation, will draw from other local abattoirs, in that it will be available for use to individual butchers and farmers for personal use in slaughtering stock, and company tending the options of purchasing the product, selling it on commission and storing it in their cold storage plant.

A power plant on the premises, together with refrigerator and storage accommodation will make it possible for the company to begin operations in the near future.

L. B. Edmondson, former general manager of the local abattoir of Gordon, Ironside and Pares, will occupy a similar position with the new firm. Mr. Edmondson is recognized as a valuable man in the packing industry in Western Canada. Robert Cruikshank, another of the promoters of the corporation, is the largest individual rancher in Saskatchewan, owning huge tracts of grazing lands to the north of Lethbridge. The third director is W. P. McLean of the firm of Robinson MacLean of Moose Jaw.

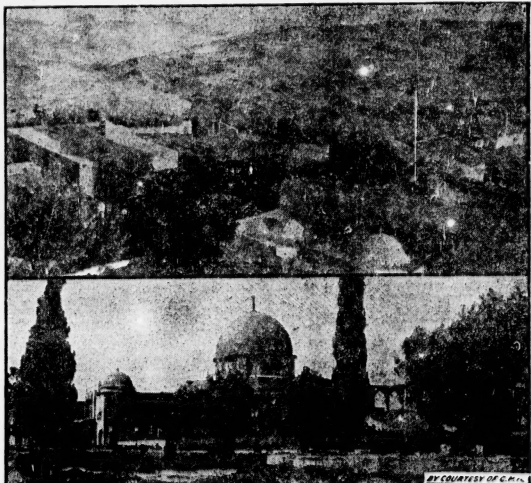
With the establishment of the Southern Saskatchewan stock yards at Moose Jaw, it is considered that the packing industry has a great future in Moose Jaw. Not only is there a large field to draw from in the ranching country to the north and west, but the province has a considerable portion of the stock from Alberta passes through this city on its way to eastern markets, a fact which greatly facilitates the handling end of the packing business.

Work will be commenced immediately on the property and every effort will be made to have the plant running to capacity before the fall trade opens.

You can't always tell what's in a bottle by reading the label.

Office seeking may be neither a trace nor a profession, but a disease.

Ancient Mosque of Omar



The upper picture is a view of Omar taken from the top of the wall. The lower is a back view of the famous Mosque of Omar.

Population of B.C.

Interesting Figures Have Been Made Public by the Government

Interesting figures dealing with the centers of population in British Columbia have been made public by the government. They show that the municipal area of the 35 cities and 28 districts in the province comprise 48,204.46 acres or 147,639 square miles, and contains a population of 374,980. This area is less than half of one per cent. of the total surface of the province and contains approximately 86 per cent. of the whole population. The remaining 99.4 per cent. of the area comprises the unorganized territory administered by the provincial government, and the remaining 14 per cent. of the population include the Indians, who are exempt from taxation.

Last Year's Immigration Figures

During the calendar year 1919, the total of 117,631 immigrants entered Canada. During January and February of the present year 8,616 more immigrants came to the Dominion. In the period from 1912 to December 31, 1919, the total number of immigrants entering Canada was 373,351. No statistics of immigration from this country are available from the department of immigration and colonization.

Turk Menace In Thrace

The Turkish menace in Thrace has been reduced in official quarters in London that the Turkish commander in Thrace has notified the allies he does not recognize the authority of any government set up by them in Constantinople, now will be taken any orders from it.

The lack of riches is almost as bad as the abuse of riches.

WHEN IN NEED OF

Plows, Drills, Cultivators
Packers

In fact any kind of Farm Machinery
See

H. J. ANDERSON AND SONS

Agent John Deere Plow Co., Aultman and Taylor
Engines and Threshers, Ontario Wind Engine and
Pump Co. Windmills and Pumps

STRATHMORE

CARLELAND

J. H. WALLS

I. H. C. Farm Implements
Titan Tractors

Dunham Culti Packers

Stiffor Spring Tooth
Cultivators

Oliver and Hamilton Plows

Phone 10

Strathmore

Phone 82

Gleichen

MAC'S CONFECTIONERY

Full line of
MOIRS, LOWMEYER and GANUNG'S CHOCOLATES
TEA, COFFE and COCA
Served with Sandwiches, Cake and Pastry

Community Social

Continued from front page

She was the finest girlie
That ever wore the kilt.
That ever wore the kilt.
That ever wore the kilt.
That ever wore the kilt.
She was so Jack Mackenzie
To get it advertised
That Jack replied "My darling,
You've got me mesmerized."
You've got me mesmerized.
That Jack replied, "My darling
You've got me mesmerized."
But Jack could not help smiling
At such a pretty trick.
But said I'm very sorry,
Doubt has no more in stock.
Doubt has no more in stock.
But I'm waiting for my answer.
For so time I had my scotch.
APRIL—"Blowing Bubbles"
I'm forever ruling chickens
Taming chickens every year.
But feeds so high
It makes me sigh.
And they won't lay when eggs are
high.
When they start a laying, eggs are
not so dear.
I'm forever ruling chickens, pretty
chickens every year.
JUNE—"John Brown's Body"

MAY—"Old Folks at Home"
Way down upon Railroad Street, Far
Far away
Where all the boys and girls meet
Here's where the young folk stay.
Proud up and down the old school
house.
Sadly they roam
Still longing for the holidays and the
old sweetheart at home.

AUGUST—"My Bonnie"
My Strathmore lies in the ocean;
My Strathmore lies in the sea.
My Strathmore lies in the ocean;
Oh, bring back my Strathmore to me
Bring back, bring back
Oh bring back my Strathmore to me
Last night as I lay on my pillow
Last night as I lay on my bed
Last night as I lay on my pillow
I dreamed that my Strathmore was
dead.
I dreamed that my Strathmore was
dead.
My Strathmore lies on the prairie
My Strathmore lies far from the sea.
My Strathmore lies on the prairie
A splendid location for me.

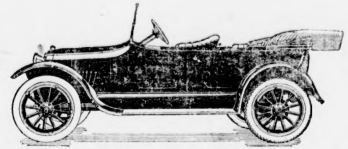
SEPTEMBER—"Long, Long Ago"
Tell me, my dear, why you brought
me here.
Long, Long ago,
Strathmore was lonely and folks so
queer.
Long, Long ago,
But now, my dear, everything is all
right.
And have the Hospital before it is
built.
For we'll get a prescription, and make
it a night.

The Product of Experience

Made in Canada

ALL the power you will ever need; faultless,
every-day performance; 25 miles as a rule on
a gallon of gasoline—these are the qualities of the
valve-in-head motor with which the Chevrolet
"Four-Ninety" Touring Car is equipped.

In appearance and in performance the Chevrolet
"Four-Ninety" Touring Car pleases the most exact-
ing owners. It is safe and sensible car to buy.



Chevrolet "Four Ninety" Touring Car, \$1175

F. O. B. Strathmore, Alta.

H. W. B. Bell

DEALER IN DODGE BROS. & CHEVROLET MOTOR CARS
COMMERCIAL VEHICLES AND TRUCKS

Tires, Oils and Accessories, carried in stock.

PHONE 31

STRATHMORE

Wholesome Bread

MADE BY THE

STRATHMORE BAKERY

MAKERS OF THE BETTER BREAD

2 1/2 Loaves For 25 Cents

Phone 14.

Box 110

Not Long, Long ago,
OCTOBER—"Fine Bells of Scotland"
O now, and O now, has my darling
laid to rest.
She's come to love the boy upon the
throne.
And it's oh my heart, how I wish her
in my house.
Oh now and O now, she's in this
happy home.
She's come to stay and make this
house her own
And it's oh my heart now I have her
in my house.
DECEMBER—"Home Sweet Home"
Mid pleasures of traveling, deep, deep
in the mud.
Be it ever so trying, there's no mud
like ours.
There's no mud like our mud there's
no mud like this
There's no mud like our mud there's
no mud like this
Mud, mud, deep deep mud
There's no mud like this, and there's
no mud like ours.
The fastidious wish to thank all for
the splendid support given that helped
to make the social a success, socially
and financially, special mention being
made of Mrs. Ernest Boward for her
splendid support in the music.

SOME SIMPLE RULES FOR CATTLE DIPPING

Dr. Hargrave, Dominion Veterinarian
for Alberta has laid down some simple
and brief rules which should be ob-
served by stockmen. These are as
follows:

Be fully prepared before June 24th
next.
Leave nothing undone that should be
done.
Assist the veterinary inspector and
other officials.
Never permit delays. Prepare for
dipping now.
Know anatomy; want you, are to
do when dipping starts.
Express the gratitude of the livestock
industry.
Take wise counsel and get busy.
Quick knocking and be a booster.
Undertake responsibility for de-
finite work in dipping.
Always talk dipping with your neigh-
bors.

Repair your vats right now.
Assist your neighbors to prepare
for dipping.

Nothing more important than dip-
ping after June 24.

Take every precaution; perfect your
dipping plans.

Insist upon knowing exact place and
each date of your own dipping.

Note carefully instructions of offi-
cials and observe them.

Enter into the dipping campaign
with a determination to win out.

The dip for Strathmore district will
be located just behind the stockyard
in the former Halden & Stone yard.

Chancellor's first station agent, in
the person of Mr. Much, arrived on
Monday's train. Tickets will not be
sold for some time but Mr. Much has
made application for the agency of
the Dominion Express which he be-
lieves will be granted.



A CARLOAD OF NEW FORDS

Expected in Very Soon

All the old reliable features,
and the latest improvements
Demountable Rims
One Man Top
Electrical Starting, Lighting,
and Ignition Equipment

THE FORD GARAGE

W. C. Brown, Local Dealer

P.O. Box 25

Phone 39

Strathmore Motors

Oils and Greases

If you are going to buy
Tires, see me.

DUNLOP & DOMINION

Expert Repairmen Employed

See us before starting your
car on its hard years
work

IF YOU HAVE ELECTRICAL TROUBLE WE CAN FIX IT

STEAM · HEATED GARAGE

Phone 39

John W. Work, Prop

Save Your Coupons at Rexall Drug Store and Get Subscriptions For the Strathmore Standard

for the candidates receiving 1. greatest number of coupon votes by August 14th, 1920. It costs nothing to enter and nothing but your time to win. If you are not interested yourself nominate a friend. See the coupon below.

Style No. 1 STARRI PHOTOGRAPH, actual cash value \$25.00, and \$25.00 worth of RECORDS, your own choice, absolutely free.
SECOND PRIZE—A due bill for \$125.00, to apply as part payment on a Number 1 Starri Photograph.
THIRD PRIZE—A due bill for \$75.00 to apply as above.
FOURTH PRIZE—A due bill for \$50.00 to apply as above.

Also 7 Jewel Gold Watch, Ladies' French, Redwood Clock and two Necklaces.
DESCRIPTION OF STARRI PHOTOGRAPH No. 1
Oak, Walnut or Mahogany, Height 41 1/2 inches Width 29 1/4 inches, Depth 28 1/2 inches. Adjustable tone arm for playing all one records, high-grade, silent, Super-Matic Motor; twelve-inch turntable; speed control; tone regulator; nickel-plated hard wear; two packages steel needles; ample record tilting space. These photographs are now on exhibition at the Rexall Drug Store, Strathmore.

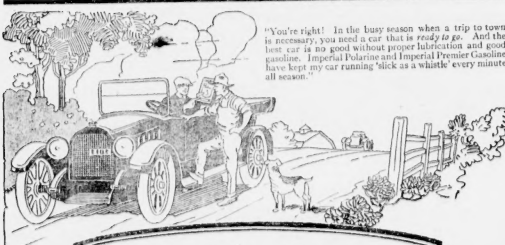
What Will Win You These Prizes

Subscriptions obtained for the Strathmore Standard and goods purchased at the Rexall Drug Store, Strathmore will obtain these prizes.
All you have to do is to collect the coupons.
Every dollar's worth of goods purchased at the Rexall Drug Store counts for votes.
Every year's renewal subscription to the Strathmore Standard counts 1000 votes; new subscriptions, from subscribers within radius of 25 miles from Strathmore 2500 votes; new subscribers outside that radius 1500 votes; 2 year's subscription, any location 4500 votes; 3 year's subscription, any location, 7500 votes.
There will also be given away a GENTS GOLD WATCH to the person who nominates the winner, so that it pays to nominate.

Rules of Phonograph Contest

1. The four prizes offered jointly by the Rexall Drug Store and the Strathmore Standard will be given to the four candidates who have received the greatest number of coupon votes by 6 p.m., August 14th 1920, at which time the contest shall be declared officially closed and all votes polled thereafter void.
2. The ballot box will be opened every Monday afternoon at 4 p.m., and the votes counted and the ballot box sealed, by a committee of three consisting of Rev. T. Phillips, Messrs W. Vickery and Jos. Van Tighem. The result of each week's count shall be published in the following issue of the Standard and the candidate named and for standing.
3. Nomination lists will close at 6 p.m., May 12th 1920. After this date candidates will not be entered except by a special arrangement with the contest manager.
4. Any candidate living with a trading store of Strathmore will be accepted providing she is nominated in regular form on one of the Coupon Ballots appearing in any of the issues of the Standard. The Contest Manager reserves the right to reject the name of any undesirable candidate and to limit the number of entries.
5. Voting Coupons may be cast by anyone, providing that they are obtained from any of the following sources: Coupons appearing in regular issues of the Standard or in any hand bills, dogger, from letter, or card issued under the name of the Strathmore Standard or the Rexall Drug Store or coupons obtained by the Standard or the Rexall Drug Store for sale at their store no matter what form. All votes must be declared void and thrown out.
6. No employee of either the Strathmore Standard or the Rexall Drug Store will be permitted to enter the contest.
7. All votes must be deposited in the ballot box located at the Rexall Drug Store and in the presence of the Contest Manager or someone appointed by him. In casting a number of votes at the same time they must be neatly tied together in a small envelope. Votes must be cast personally or by mail.
8. In addition valuable prizes will be given to the one nominating the winner of the first prize. Remember A BEAUTIFUL GOLD WATCH will go to the lucky nominator. It pays to nominate, so fill in enclosed coupon with name of your most popular friend and send it in to

Contest Manager, W. M. MARSHALL, Rexall Drug Store
Who will answer all enquiries.



Steady Dependable Service

IMPERIAL POLARINE assures a motorist steady, dependable service from his car. It gives correct lubrication to every type of motor and every moving part. It keeps your motor running smoothly and quietly.

Imperial Polarine maintains, under all operating conditions, exactly the right body to seal in compression and reduce wear—it burns clean, Imperial Polarine establishes and maintains a power tight seal between piston and cylinder walls. Its body is proof against high heats and the grueling friction of engaging parts.

Look for the Imperial Polarine Chart of Recommendations when you buy oil. It shows which of the three grades described below is best suited to your car.

Six sizes—gallon and four-gallon sealed cans, steel kegs, half-barrels and barrels. Buy by the barrel or half-barrel, and save money. Sold by good dealers everywhere in Canada.



IMPERIAL POLARINE (Light medium body) IMPERIAL POLARINE HEAVY (Medium heavy body) IMPERIAL POLARINE A (Extra heavy body)

A GRADE SPECIALLY SUITED TO YOUR MOTOR

IMPERIAL OIL LIMITED
Power - Heat - Light - Lubrication
Branches in all Cities

Prohibition Referendum May be Taken in Six Weeks

Vote on Importation

It was fully expected that the Prohibition setting forth the date of the Prohibition Referendum would have been issued at least two weeks ago. This expectation was based upon official assurances from members of the Federal Cabinet. The passage of the Prohibition Bill now before parliament, however, has been delayed, and with this, other matters, quite outside the Province of Alberta, have contributed to the delay, so that as this paper goes to press, the date has not yet been issued.

And although it is still uncertain just what the date is to be, present indications point to the end of June or early in July, as expected for some time.

The Provincial Prohibition Campaign Committee, have been speeding up their preparations for the coming of an early campaign would find the prohibition forces of the Province as prepared as their time and resources permit. And even if the unexpected should happen, and the date proclaimed be on in the fall, it is fully realized that, as very little campaigning can be carried on throughout the summer months, organizations plans must be carried through now, and the success of war assured.

The plan of the Provincial Committee are therefore proceeding apace. Several important meetings have been held. The Province is being rapidly set out into Referendum Districts, some larger, some smaller, according to the exigencies of the case. The most capable organizers available are being assigned to these districts, and they in turn are taking up the organization of the several committees in their territory. A number of men specially qualified for this work are offering their services, and several of the strongest organizations of the Province, both provincial and local have offered their hearty and most valued cooperation via the Campaign Committee in meeting the emergency.

An important conference of the representatives of the Social Service organization in Regina on April 8th decided to ask the Dominion Government to suggest to the Federal Government that the date proclaimed for the provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta be the same as Ontario, which has been trying to secure a date late in June. Subsequent developments in the prohibition situation in Ontario have occasioned delay, and it is possible some change may be made in this.

"The issue on which this campaign is to be fought up is:
"The prohibition of the importation or bringing of intoxicating liquor into the province for beverage purposes."

Wheat Certificates Will be Worth at Least 40 Cents

Announcement of Chairman of Wheat Board

James Stewart, chairman of the Canadian Wheat Board, announced on Wednesday morning that the value of the "participation certificates" will not be less than 40 cents per bushel.

The official statement of the board reads as follows:

"The Canadian Wheat Board feels that some idea should be given as to the proper value of the participation certificates issued by the board. The wheat has not all been marketed by the farmers, and it is most difficult to estimate closely the quantity remaining in their hands to be marketed. Other factors enter into the situation, such as the values prevailing when the wheat is marketed, as well as the quantity required for domestic use before the new crop, the late harvesting making a difference of several million bushels.

Notwithstanding this, the board estimates that it should be able to set at least 40 cents per bushel against the wheat represented by the participation certificates.

"As the conclusion of the present season complete returns of the year's operations will be made known and a final report as to the full value of the participation certificates will be issued."

Born to Mr. and Mrs. B. G. Vandergrift, a boy.

Some of our young friends were rabbit hunting, but never saw any rabbits. They must have seen so many that they shot at the wrong ones.
He, said a lot of children were constructing a barn for Win. Barrett who lives north of Chancellor.

The Wettest April on Record

According to the meteorological observer at the Dominion Experimental Farm at Lethbridge, April of this year is the wettest since records were first made of Alberta weather.
The total precipitation since April 15 has been 3.73 inches. The total for the year so far is 7.21.

Interesting Comparison
Comparative precipitation figures for the past 15 years are interesting when compared with the present exceedingly heavy moisture. These are as follows: 1907, 9.15 inches; 1908, 8.22; 1909, 9.41; 1905, 6.05; 1906, 1.29; 1907, 1.08; 1908, 9.67; 1909, 1.51; 1910, 1.24; 1911, 6.52; 1912, 6.29; 1913, 6.02; 1914, 6.51; 1915, 6.01; 1916, 9.40; 1917, 1.57; 1918, 9.13; 1919, 9.47. This gives an average for these years of 9.67 in.

Seven Times as Great

It will therefore be seen that the precipitation during April this year is Southern Alberta has been almost seven times as great as the average over the extended period mentioned during which official figures have been kept by the Dominion experimental farm. The oldest settler never remembers such a remarkable set of

weather conditions as have applied this spring, but unofficial records state that the year 1829 was in many respects similar to 1920.
The highest temperature for April was 65 degrees, and the lowest 4 below

Chancellor

P. Rogers is staying in Calgary during his winter illness. Mr. Rogers' brother and sister are managing the farm during his absence.

The government telegraph inspector visited Chancellor on Monday and reports that the government intends to construct many lines this season and states that any property for a rural telephone system are very favorable.
The ladies of Chancellor intend to organize a G.W.A. auxiliary. A meeting for this purpose is to be held in the hall on Monday afternoon at 3 p.m.

Mr. Lightbody of the National Elevator Co. has recently shipped the contents of his elevator.

Sunday School will be held in future in the Memorial Hall commencing every Sunday afternoon at 2 p.m.
Born, on 2nd last Mrs. J. B. Connor, a boy.

DIXON PHONE R 720 Landon,

Soap Prices for Spring Cleaning

Ivory	10—\$1.00	White Naphin	10—\$1.05
Lehigh	10—\$1.00	Sopade's	2—75c
Pearl	11—\$1.00	Bon Ami	2—25c
R. Crown	14—\$1.00	Lye	15c
Gold	9—\$1.00	Lux	5—65c
Lifemoy	10—\$1.00	Ammonia	10c
Sunlight	9—\$1.00	Perfume	2—25c
Sunlight 4's	35c	Sul Soda	15c
R. Crown 4's	40c	Old Dutch	5—65c
Pels Naphin	10—\$1.20	Gold Dust	2—75c
		Gold West	2—75c

O'Clean Mops \$1.50 Polish, \$1.25 six for \$1.10
Cedar, 5 string \$1.25
Overalls, Union Made, per pair \$3.00
Store open evenings on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday

Dalemead, Alta

THE FORD HOSPITAL
Every operation performed on Fords and cure of all ills guaranteed.
Where overhauling not necessary, Chiropractic may small disorders.
Treatment given to fix up plugs, carburetors, and
As a tonic to get the best service, I advise you to use "White Lily Gas and Polarine Oils."
Give us a trial.
G. C. OLDHAM.

The Garage, Carsland.

Spring may not be here yet but we're here with an up-to-date stock in the following lines:

Everything for Spring Clean-up—Paints, Cal-somines, Varnishes and brushes.
O'Clean Polish Mops,
Brooms, up from
New Solid Copper Boilers
SPECIAL \$9.25

Hill Hardware

Carsland Alberta

PIONEER MEAT MARKET

Fresh Meats of all Kinds
Highest Prices Paid for
Hogs, Calves, Poultry and
Hides
GEO. SNAITH Proprietor

BOY
SCOUT
NEWSYoung Canada
"Be Prepared"The International
Scout Jamboree

Local Troops to Choose and Finance Their Representative Scouts

And Send Exhibits

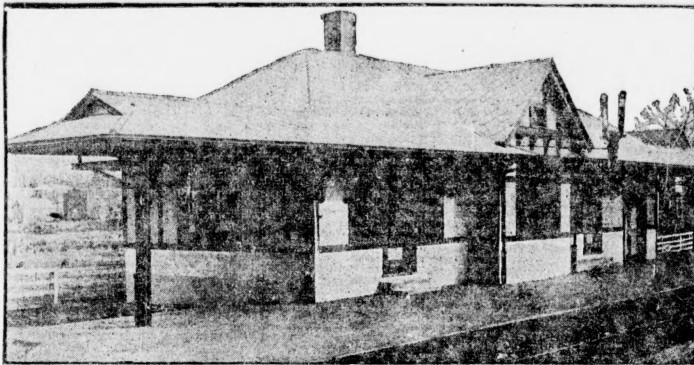
The Scouts have for a long time known there will be an International Scout meet at Olympia, London, England, July 20th, to August 7th, at which Scouts from all over the world will be present. Boy Scouts of 23 nations will be represented at this gathering. Saskatchewan contingents sending a troop of from 20 to 30 scouts in charge of an adequate number of adult scout leaders. Each association has been notified how to proceed in sending a delegate. Each boy scout must be furnished by the local or troop committee parents with sufficient funds to pay his own expenses from the time he leaves home until he returns to his home. It will also be impracticable for the provincial council to employ and pay the expenses of adult leaders, and applications from warrant officers who are in a position to participate in the supervision of the Saskatchewan troop at their own expense are welcome.

In response from locals for suggestions of a method for making selections, the following plan is suggested:

- (1) The troop should be the unit, and in every case the local committee should agree on the selection.
- (2) Selection should be determined in proportion to scouting progress shown up to the time of the jamboree progress to be considered on the following grounds:
 - (a) Must be second-class scout and able to pass a severe test in respect to all badges worn.
 - (b) Intensive activity in community and individual good turns and in general scout-like spirit in conduct.
 - (c) Excellence of appearance as a scout, smartness and readiness to be a special feature in the selection, after thorough official inspection.
 - (d) The expenses to be deposited with the provincial headquarters not later than May 1st, 1920.
 - (e) Must have the written permission of his parents or guardian to serve as a delegate to the Jamboree, which permission shall relieve the organization of responsibility in case of illness or accident.
 - (f) He must pass a satisfactory physical examination and show a physician's certificate of good health.
 - (g) Preparation camp to train for displays, demonstrations and other events at the Jamboree, is planned to take place at the Jamboree, and all representatives selected must agree to spend at least five days before leaving for the jamboree, as directed by the provincial council at this camp.
- (3) Scout officers and men who can afford to participate in Saskatchewan entry in this international scout Jamboree may do a service in communicating with the provincial headquarters.

Many Alberta Schools Closed
Owing to the lack of teachers in schools in the Province of Alberta are closed at present. Of that number, 37 have been closed since the first of the year, a large number taking their vacations in January and February in line of the summer vacation. This information was given out by the Minister of Education in reply to inquiry made in the Alberta Legislature. At present there are 424 student teachers in the normal schools and a large number of teachers in the university who will want schools when the university term closes, the minister stated that the government expects to have all the schools in operation by the first of May.

Big Developments in Evangeline's Land



The new Dominion Atlantic Railway Passenger Station at Bridgetown.

Not only is the Canadian Pacific Railway making advances in accordance with the necessities of the time, and providing every modern improvement for the convenience and comfort of the public, but all its subsidiary lines are similarly progressive. The Dominion Atlantic Railway, which serves a large portion of Nova Scotia and runs through the beautiful land of Evangeline, now owns and operates the Pine Hotel at Digby, providing first class accommodation for the large number of tourists who visit the district. A new night service between Halifax and Yarmouth has recently been inaugurated. This night service leaves Yarmouth on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings, and Halifax on Sundays, Tuesdays, and Fridays, and marks one of the most important developments since the through line of railway from Yarmouth to Halifax was opened up in 1891. These trains are carrying on a combined freight and passenger service.

Only carloads of freight merchandise are carried.

When on a trip of inspection over the Dominion Atlantic Railway, at the end of November last, Mr. Grant Hall, vice-president of the C.P.R., expressed the desire to have the D.A.R. equipped in the near future with steel rails much heavier than those at present laid. He said that this work would probably be undertaken when the effects of war conditions had disappeared. Important improvements are being carried out along the line and arrangements are progressing for the erection of a new station at Digby which will provide the most up-to-date facilities for tourists and other traffic and add considerably to the beauty of the town. It is estimated that during 1919, 60,000 tourists visited Nova Scotia and spent there about \$3,000,000. Recently a new station was opened at Bridgetown, much to the satisfaction of the public of that town. It is a handsome building, 24 ft. x 56 ft. overhanging on each side and has in front a walk 39 feet long and 12 feet wide.

The building is very conveniently located, the outside finish is stucco on tussit, with smooth finish above and below. The roof is asbestos. The inside consists of gent's room, 20 x 14 ft., office 14 x 14 ft., ladies' waiting room 12 x 24 ft. and baggage room 24 x 10 ft. The inside finish is of Douglas fir and birch, finished in the natural wood. The ceilings and side walls are and finish listed in cream. There are also up-to-date conveniences and the heating plant consists of a Cumberland hot air furnace manufactured and installed by Mr. G. E. Banks of Bridgetown, who also executed the plumbing. The inside and outside decorating was in charge of Mr. Harry Sanction. The whole work, including the building of a freight shed 30 x 48 ft., on the opposite side of the track,

was built by contract of J. H. Hicks and Sons, under the personal supervision of Mr. E. A. Hicks of that firm, who has already built several Dominion Atlantic Railway stations.

The Dominion Atlantic Railway has also added to its system the hotel at Kentville, now known as the "Abbeys." Kentville is an important and growing center, and the fact that it is now to have modern hotel accommodation will add tremendously to its benefit. The "Abbeys" is splendidly situated, and will be made very attractive. It will be renovated and refurnished from cellar to roof. Many of the rooms will be equipped with private baths. The work of renovation will begin at once, but will not be so conducted that guests will not be disturbed. The Abbeys will continue to be open during the year around, and cater to the general and commercial interests, as well as to the tourist trade.

Big Sodium Deposits
To Be Developed

Company Organized to Work Valuable Field in Saskatchewan

To develop sodium sulphate deposits discovered a few miles north of Court, Saskatchewan, during 1918, a company called Soda Deposits, Ltd., of Calgary, has been formed, and is bringing incorporated. The deposit comprises about a hundred acres being about a mile in length and 1,000 yards across, and is said to be one of the largest occurrences of natural glauber salt ever found. When test pits were put down, it was found that the deposit ranged from two to 11 feet in thickness.

"The deposit is situated five miles north of Court, Saskatchewan, and the registered office of the company will be in that town. It is proposed to immediately commence building a plant at the deposit manufacturing sodium sulphate, which is used in the pulp and paper industry. Large quantities are required all over Canada for this purpose, and the company has received more requests than it can possibly be manufactured this year.

World Now Faces
Radium Shortage

Great Advance in Price Expected in Near Future

European physicians and surgeons are being seriously alarmed at the prospect of early exhaustion of the world's supply of radium. While the demands of scientific and medical men for the mineral are rapidly increasing, the supplies are becoming increasingly harder to find. One source which has been a source of radium has been extracted have proved to be valueless.

It takes scores of tons of ore to yield a single gram of radium, and a vast amount of labor recently has been expended on the extraction process without obtaining even a fraction of a gram. A great advance in the price of radium, which is now \$80,000 a gram, is expected in the near future. In preparation for a famine of the precious mineral the British Radium Institute is preparing a weak solution of radium, which gives off invisible emanations. The latter are being bottled and supplied to doctors.

Garnets were used as leads in radium experiments.

The discovery belongs to the new faculty.

Farmers to Encourage Unity

Canadian Council of Agriculture Are Looking to an International Conference

J. P. Brady, representing the recently formed United Farmers of Quebec, said at the annual meeting of the Canadian Council of Agriculture, which for the first time was held in the east: "I believe the Canadian Council of Agriculture, representing the organized farmers of Canada, will do more than has been accomplished in any other way to create a spirit of real unity between the different races which go to make up our common Canadian citizenship."

The Canadian Council of Agriculture took steps looking to an international conference, to be held in the near future, composed of representatives of the organized farmers of Canada and the United States.

The hope being that such experience will bring about a still better understanding between the two great democracies of North America.

Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba and Ontario were the only provinces represented at the meeting, but New Brunswick's affiliation was unanimously approved. Quebec, with its newly organized farmers' movement, will shortly apply for membership in the council and British Columbia is also ready to come in. That will have Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island alone without representation on the council.

Drilling Machinery Arrives in Northern Alberta

Three carloads of drilling machinery owned by the Peace River Petroleum Ltd., have arrived at Peace River, Alta., and are being unloaded at the site of the old Consolidated Oil Company's "hole" near the fair grounds, where the operations for the completion of the well will be commenced at an early date, according to information received from that point. When the well was abandoned it was about the Peace River treaty difficulties between the drilling company and the lease holders caused suspension of work some two years ago. Several more carloads of machinery are on the way and are expected in daily.

Forgot the Enclosure

Uncle Eben: I just had a letter from an automobile fellow saying as how he wants to sell me an enclosed driver.

Uncle Ezra: Are you going to buy that?

Uncle Eben: I donno. I got the letter all right. But these war'n't no feller enclosed.

Business Brisk at
Edmonton Stock Yards

Figures Represent A Big Increase in Receipts at the Month of March

Receipts at the Edmonton stock yards during the month of March were 2,854 cattle, 244 calves, 4,432 hogs, 618 and 320 horses. These figures represent a big increase in all lines except sheep, which were brought to the market in big flocks or a number of sales. Cattle receipts last March were only 2,833, and this is a satisfactory sign that in spite of the adverse feed situation there are less than half the number of calves being brought in to the yards this spring. Receipts were 4,432, as compared with 2,729 last year. Cattle receipts in 1917 were only 1,468, but there were 5,676 hogs or about 200 more this year.

The trade in horses is rather interesting. In 1917 there were 58 through the yards in March, 1918 there were 203, in 1919 254 and in 1920 320.

The general increase in the business done in the yards is shown in the number of cars of live stock received. In 1917 the number of cars received was 125; in 1918, 168; in 1919, 250 and in 1920, 320.

Record Price for
Alberta Farm Land

Price of \$165 An Acre Paid For Irrigated Land

One hundred and sixty-five dollars an acre was paid for an irrigated farm near Coaldale and Supply, a Wyoming man. The price constituted a record for farm land in Alberta, and is an indication of the market in which the productive value of irrigated farm lands of Southern Alberta is being recognized.

This transaction is considered as one of the most important that has taken place in the Coaldale district, where several farms have been sold recently at prices ranging over \$100 an acre. The purchase was by R. D. Livingston, who is known as one of the very best farmers in the Big Horn Basin of Wyoming, and is recognized as first authority among agricultural circles in that country. For the past couple of years he has been county treasurer of Cody, Wyoming, which position required him to take up farming operations. In Southern Alberta he is one of the best and most favorably known men of the district from which he comes.

Russian peasants like each other Easter day.

Education was made obligatory in Japan in 1871.

Waste Of
Forest Wealth

Proligality Adds to Cost.
Says Professor Howe

In a comprehensive address on the forestry situation in Canada, Professor C. D. Howe, of the Faculty of Forestry, University of Toronto, told the members of the Dominion Forestry Institute that the continued neglect to conserve the forest resources of this country would mean an further increase in the high cost of living. He said that from 1908 to 1918 two-thirds of the forest wealth of Canada has been destroyed by fire in the past 75 years. There are 1,500,000 square miles of forested country in the Dominion, he stated. He advocated the re-planting of forest products in the replenishment of the merchantable timber supply.

"Most private business is sustained by a re-investment of a certain portion of its profits. The communities' forest business can only be sustained in the same manner. The Dominion Government spends about \$3,000,000 a year for the encouragement of agriculture, which is another way of saying that amount is re-invested in the business of increasing the productivity of the farm. The forest and its products have a value equal to that of our wheat crop, yet we are re-investing almost nothing to continue its productivity. The lumber industry created for Canada in 1917 forest products valued at \$116,000,000. The pulp and paper industry produced in the same year materials to the value of \$60,000,000, a total of over \$200,000,000. The lumber and pulpwood industries have re-invested a portion of the wealth in this country, being surpassed only by agriculture and manufacturing. We re-invest a portion of the earnings of agriculture and manufacturing to keep those industries going, but with the exception of sporadic plantings we have re-invested a negligible of the forest revenue to encourage the regeneration of the present commercial supplies."

Largest Bird of Prey

The eagle is commonly spoken of as the king of the birds of prey. This is wrong. The largest is the condor, a South American vulture. The condor is a member of the vulture family, chain of the Andes, especially in Peru and Chile. It lives in a region of perpetual snow, from 9,000 to 16,000 feet above the sea level.

The length of the male condor is about 48 inches, and the span of wing extends far beyond the tail feathers. The plumage of the male is glossy black, with gray on the wings and on the margins of the wing covers.—Detroit News.

College as Aid to Farming

Figures Show That Many Students Return to Farms

J. H. Moore, dean of the college of agriculture, University of Missouri, says that when a farmer's boy leaves home to enter the college of agriculture, he is sure that he will return to the farm after graduation as big better than he will go into some other business.

"More than 400 young men who were in the college of agriculture in 1919 will engage in Missouri farming this year," says Moore. "The figures are in disagreement with the statement often made, that students who take a farming course leave the farm. The percentage of alumni and former students who are actually on farms varies in different colleges of agriculture from 60 to 80 per cent. It is interesting to note that a recent survey of the alumni of Yale University shows that two per cent of its graduates engaged in any way with agriculture."

A Mechanical Policeman

Up to the present time, having searched the bookshelves and investigated the automatic machines, there was nothing to assume the duties of a railway station except to mount the weighing machine, and watch the traveler while he took a new game. A higher level is provided. Suppose the traveler wishes to get a Buckingham Palace, he touches a button operating the machine, in a moment a picture of that massive structure appears, and also upon a map of the world, the traveler can see where the traveler has to aim at, and information as to changing, if necessary, in order to get there. So far the London public have relied upon the nearest policeman for these details, and it may take a little time before London takes to any substitute.—Christian Science Monitor.

"It was imposed upon by enemy agents," says Joseph. "The enemy does beat all, Joseph, how little trust can be placed in an enemy spy."

Tools, Bairy Supplies

GARDEN TOOLS

Hoes, Rakes, Spades, Forks, Cultivators, etc., etc.

FARM TOOLS

All kinds—The very best procurable at most moderate cost.

DAIRY SUPPLIES

Churns—Every make, Creams, Moulds, Spades.

WASHING MACHINES

With Motors, Hand and Power Machines, May-Tags, Vacuums, New Century, and all the most reliable makes

STRATHMORE HARDWARE

You Have to Pay a Big Price

FOR LETTER PAPER ANYWAY

Why not get your letter heads printed with your name and address. We handle the best papers, and the extra cost is not great when you order a quantity.

IMMIGRANTS FROM HOLLAND ARRIVE IN STRATHMORE

One of the largest parties of settlers to arrive in this district since the time of the big settlement in 1902 and 1910, landed here Sunday, when a party of about thirty disembarked off a special train.

The members of the party are all natives of Holland, of the best type, and are mostly related to our present Dutch settlers, who have done so well in this district.

We have not the names of the whole party but among them are:

C. H. Jones, two brothers and one sister, Mr. and Mrs. Ackerman, with three sons and two daughters. Mr. Ackerman is the father of Mr. Harry Ackerman, owner of the King Edward Livery. Mr. and Mrs. Alphonse Storch, Belgium and two children.

The party are here with the intention of locating land in Alberta, and it is probable that they will locate close to their compatriots here, if they can secure land.

AMERICAN, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The Subcommittee of the House Ways and Means Committee has agreed tentatively on a bill to give each of more than 3,000,000 former service men a bonus of a dollar a day for the period of their war service.

According to special correspondent of the Calgary Herald in London, England, writing under date of April 15, R. B. Bennett, C. C., who had been staying at the Hyde Park hotel had not been in very good health for some little time and that he was going into the country for a change.

Are you entered for the photograph competition. Get your friends to start collecting votes for you from now on.

HIRTLE & CAINE Building Contractors

Estimates Gladly Given on all kinds of Building or Carpenter work

We will assist you with your plans for any kind of building

PHONE 47
STRATHMORE ALBERTA

Local Holdings

OF LOCAL INTEREST

Readers are requested to send in items for this column not later than 12 o'clock Monday noon preceding day of publication. All local news items are welcomed by the Standard, Phone 17 or 68

The tennis season is now open, and the courts were in use last week. A general meeting of the club was held on Monday night, when plans for further improvement of the courts were taken up, and a scale of fees set.

Several people have been fined within the last few days for not having their 1920 number plates on their cars to it or you may be fined.

The Anglican Women's Guild will hold a Pantry Sale and sale of children's wear, etc., on Saturday, May 22, at the Sample House of the King Edward Hotel. Buy your Holiday provisions there.

The Stewards of the Official Board of the United Church were elected at the annual meeting last Friday as follows: W. M. Marshall, M. B. Garrett, W. G. Way, C. S. Laid, F. T. McElhose, Secretary-Treasurer, W. M. Marshall, Rev. T. Phillips will open church services at Harvey School next Sunday at 2:30 p.m. All people in the district cordially invited.

Mr. C. H. Gillen, son-in-law of Mr. and Mrs. F. T. McElhose, is now manager of the ranch of Mr. Fred Davis, M.P.P., at Irricana.

Mr. B. S. Stockton, head of the local irrigation headquarters of the C.P.R., returned to Strathmore last Wednesday after a visit of several weeks duration in the U.S.A. During his trip he visited California, Washington, Colorado, and several other of the Western States.

Mr. J. B. Hawley, who sold out here recently, has located near Salmon Arm, B.C.

Owing to Wednesday holiday, we would like to have all changes in early. We cannot guarantee insertion after Monday noon. The same remark applies to manuscript contributions.

Remember that Monday, May 21st is a local holiday. The Strathmore baseball season will open on that day. A double header will be played with Standard.

Mr. and Mrs. James Martin received last week the beautiful Cross presented by the King in recognition of their son William, who was killed in action on the Somme in 1917. It is a very handsome design of sterling silver.

Thomas Wright was in town for a few days this week.

DEATH OF MR. J. KENNAUGH

The death took place suddenly on Monday of Mr. J. J. Kennaugh, Canadian, of acute bronchitis. The news of his death will be received with much regret. He has been farming in the district south of Leduc for a number of years past. He is survived by his widow and several children. Deceased was a native of the Isle of Man, where he had been engaged in lead mining and it is thought that this was a contributory cause of his trouble.

BASEBALL SEASON OPENS

May 24

On Monday, May 24, which is a legal holiday, the baseball season will open here with a double header with Standard. Standard is having a good team this year, and the sport will be good. There may also be a sports programme, and the G.W.V.A. are running a concert and dance in the evening, so a full days enjoyment is assured.

There may be a game on the afternoon of Wednesday, 15th inst., but this is not certain yet. During the past week his improvements have been made on the diamond and with the assistance of a tractor and grader it is now well leveled off and in good playing shape.

Everybody out for the 24th! Play ball!

SEEDERS BUSY LAST WEEK

The fine weather of last week cleared the ground of snow very quickly, and up till Monday evening seedling was general. During Monday evening and Tuesday there was a heavy rain fall which again caused a cessation of operations.

A large amount of wheat has now been seeded. The farmer has already 400 acres in, and another 250, and the latter reports that his first sown wheat is already sprouting.

The season is now about a month



Shoes

DRESS and WORKING

HARRT SHOES are the acme of quality—
\$12.50 to \$15.00

DRESS SHOES—
\$8.00 to \$12.50

TAN WELT WORKING SHOES, made for wear, \$10.50

BLACK HIGH CUT—A winner \$9.00

TAN SHOE strong and comfortable \$8.50

EXTRA SPECIAL—Wear comfort and waterproof, \$7.50

BOYS BLACK SHOES—Special value \$6.50

RUBBER BOOTS—Seasonable \$6.50

RUBBERS—For men and boys.

LACES, POLISHES and FINDINGS.

HOSIERY in silk, lisle, cashmere and wool. All shades and weights.

DOBSON Men's Outfitter, Strathmore

later than usual, but if good weather follows yesterday's rainstorm it will not take long to make up the losses with the amount of maturity at present in the soil.

Are you looking in touch with the photograph contest. Possibly you have been touched already.

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TRAIN SERVICE

Strathmore, Effective May 2nd.
No. 4 Eastbound 3:51 p.m.
No. 3 Westbound 6:05 p.m.
Trans-Canada
No. 8 Eastbound, in Calgary 4:10 p.m.
No. 7 Westbound in Calgary 10:05 a.m.

Weather Report

Supplied by C.P. Irrigation Dept.
From May 4 to 10
Date Min. Max. Precipitation
4 22.7 53.1
5 31.5 60.0
6 33.9 64.6
7 31.5 69.4
8 31.7 72.8
9 45.0 72.8
10 33.7 62.8

BUY A FARM BUY TOWN LOTS

Make a home for yourself. I have some very nice Town Lots for sale, owned by the Canadian Pacific Railway Co. Townsite Department.
See me

See Me

F. R. LILLY

Agent for C.P.R. Townsite.
STRATHMORE

STRATHMORE JEWELRY STORE

B. DAVIS

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware Cut Glass, Optical Goods
Expert Repairing
Marriage Licenses Issued

E. E. ZERKLE COAL DEALER

Galt Coal Always on Hand
Imperial Oils & Gasoline
Phone 32 Strathmore

BRAND'S

Phone 28 Phone 28

Strathmore's Up-to-Date Departmental Store

Before the end of this month this store will be under new management. The new firm will be Messrs Fox & Beach, who will take control on May 25th. The store will not be closed for stocktaking excepting Monday, May 24th which is a legal holiday

Owing to the great scarcity and high prices of practically all lines carried in this store we are not putting on a sale as it would be very unfair to our successors. We advise buying all your requirements as early as possible. You will save considerable by doing so.

We would like to meet every girl and boy from all the schools in the Strathmore district on Saturday, May 22. Its our treat, a bag of candy will be ready for you.

We sever business relations with our many friends with very deep regret, and we bespeak for the new firm the same support and friendship that you have given us in the past.



For Canadians to Consider

The national debt of Canada has now reached a figure of approximately \$2,000,000,000. This is the gross debt. The net debt, that is after deduction of assets has been made, is now around \$2,000,000,000. It must be borne in mind, however, that many items included in the statement of assets are not such in the recognized commercial meaning of the term; in fact, no considerable portion of what are termed assets are, for the time being at least, more in the nature of liabilities. For example, Canada has some hundreds of millions of dollars invested in the National Railways, and the latter are regarded as an asset, but as a matter of fact and common knowledge these railways are not earning operating expenses, not to mention interest on the capital invested in them. Consequently, in casting up the national balance sheet, the people must be taxed to meet both operating deficits and the whole interest outlay on the money invested in, and the stocks, bonds and debentures outstanding against these railways.

For the current year it is estimated that no less a sum than \$30,000,000 will be required to meet ordinary expenditures, and a further substantial addition must be made to the national debt to cover the capital expenses to which the country is already committed and which cannot be avoided.

Of this \$30,000,000, about \$12,500,000 will be eaten up as interest on the public debt. In the neighborhood of \$50,000,000 will be required to cover operating deficits and interest payments on account of the national railways. Thus these three items alone will dispose of one-half of the entire revenue.

Out of the remaining \$17,500,000, some tens of millions must be paid out in pensions, vocational training for soldiers, hospital accommodation and treatment for soldiers, and in various forms of soldiers' civil reconstruction work. Some millions are to be spent in grants to a population back to the provinces for highway construction; a few millions will be used to meet the deficit in the operation of the post office department, and all the expenses of government, including the Civil Service, administration of justice, militia and police establishment, subsidies to the provinces, and all the miscellaneous activities devolving upon the Federal Government must be met.

The people of Canada, who are the taxpayers, and who must bear the burden of providing the money to meet all these obligations, are seriously considering the national situation, and especially so at times when they may be inclined to urge additional expenditures of one kind or another for very laudable and even necessary purposes. Canada must, however, curtail its expenditures to a point where they can be covered by the revenue. This country cannot continue living on borrowed money and by going still deeper into debt. There must be national as well as individual retrenchment. Instead of getting deeper into debt, the thing approaching what we must agree will be a heavier taxation in order to begin the process of liquidating the national debt, as it is now being done in Great Britain.

There is nothing in the national situation, however, to dispute over or

become pessimistic about. Canada has the resources and the energy, and the ability to meet all its obligations, provided with its development, and add to the wealth, prosperity and happiness of its people. But it cannot be accomplished by continual criticism, but by seeking to tear down existing institutions in order to apply a lot of untried theories and untested methods. The world, Canada included, has had enough of destruction within the past five or six years. What is now necessary is constructive enterprise, and that can only be brought about by work and by people generally realizing that it is impossible to get something for nothing; that, on the contrary, the present tendency of most people to be slackers at their job, to insist upon double the wages formerly received, but to do no more than half as much labor and effort on their part, must be abandoned.

Hard work is a slighter for most of us. If we do not make up our mind to undertake such work now, buckle down to our job, and produce to the maximum of our powers in whatever occupation we may be engaged, at the same time cutting out luxuries, and saving the last possible dollar—we will be last to do, the greater the loss and the more severe the penalty will be.

We must eliminate luxuries and save now. If we still think we can produce less and consume more, if we continue to delude ourselves that we can indefinitely continue to receive double pay for half as much work, nothing can prevent hard times. If such times come as a result of our folly, we will not only do without luxuries, but may find ourselves hard pressed to obtain necessities.

There is only one solution, in Canada as elsewhere. It is not throwing in the towel. It is work—hard, practical, productive work.

CHILDREN OF ALL AGES

Children of all ages—whether it be a newborn babe or the growing time child—have to be contented with what is to their health. From the health of the little one largely depends his strength and usefulness in after years. Baby's Own Tablets are the ideal home medicine for children. They are a gentle, long-acting laxative which are absolutely guaranteed to be free from opium or other harmful drugs and which may be given to the youngest child with perfect safety and without any results. Through their action on the bowels and stomach they banish constipation and indigestion; break up colds and croupy fevers and make feeding easy. Mothers can make their little one well and keep them healthy by presenting a box of the Tablets at hand and by giving one or two after each meal and at bedtime. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medical Co., Brockville, Ont.

British War Medals

It was recently stated in the British House of Commons that the total number of war service medals provided up to the end of February is 1,047,040, and at the present rate of progress it will take approximately 18 months to complete the 1,540,000 war service medals required.

The triple alliance of Germany, Austria and Italy was formed March 13, 1882.

A Food That Builds! Grape-Nuts

A staunch food made of wheat and malted barley, ready to eat, easily digested, and full of sound nourishment.

For those who work with brain or brawn there is no better breakfast or lunch than

Grape-Nuts There's a Reason
Sold by Grocers

Made by Canadian Western Cereal Co. Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

National Research Institute

Institution Would Meet The Requirements For Developing The Natural Resources

Plans for the establishment of a national research institute for Canada, were before the common committee on scientific research recently. It was recommended that a site of at least 500 acres should be secured near Ottawa, and a building of laboratory type four stories in height, to cost \$300,000, be erected.

The scientific instruments required would cost approximately \$100,000 and salaries would require about \$100,000 per annum.

This institute would be similar to the bureau of standards at Washington and the Mellon institute at Pittsburgh. It was felt that such an institution would meet the most pressing requirements for developing natural resources and make provision for assistance to Canadian industries.

A bill covering the establishment of such an institution is to be drafted by a sub-committee composed of Dr. S. J. Steele, Dr. Thompson (Winnipeg), and Dr. R. J. Manion (Fort William), who will report back to the committee.

Lift off Corns!

Doesn't hurt a bit and Freecore costs only a few cents.



With your finger! You can lift off your hard corn, callus, or corn between the toes, and the hard skin comes off. A tiny bottle of "Freecore" costs little at any drug store; apply a few drops upon the corn or callus. Instantly it stops hurting, then shortly after it falls off, and you are free of it. No pain, no soreness. "Try it! No kidding!"

Demand for Men Better

34,400 Workers Were Placed During Month of March

The employment situation in Canada is improving, according to figures published in the Labor Gazette for April. The employment service connected with the department of labor placed altogether 34,400 people in employment during the month of March and received 41,200 applications for employment. The department also notified of 28,200 vacancies. All these figures represent an increase over the previous month and the previous year. There was a steady increase in employment in all provinces except the prairies, where a decline was reported.

There was less loss of time due to strikes in March, 22 strikes were reported, involving a total of 43,069 working days. Sixteen strikes remained unsettled at the end of the month. Reports were received from five conciliation boards and applications were received for five more. Two boards were appointed in addition to those on application received previously.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

A Satisfied Farmer

This Country Cannot be For Mired Farming

I have lived in the Kinsworthy district for fourteen years, and have a half section under cultivation, and have farmed ever since coming to the country, and have grown wheat, oats, barley and flax. Wheat has yielded from 20 to 31 bushels per acre, oats from 60 to 110 bushels, barley 35 to 45 and flax 15 to 20 bushels per acre. I had a fallow the season of 1918 owing to hail, the only hail I have had since coming to the country. I might say that my wheat has always graded new or lower than Number Three in the thirteen crops I have harvested. I am well satisfied with the district for grain growing, and I have had at times over one hundred head of cattle. I don't think the country can be better for mixed farming. We have first-class soil, good water, and a good climate, all we need is more and better farmers.

(Sgd.) Joseph Gibson, Kinsworthy, Alberta.

It is just fifty years since the method of grinding grain as raw material for paper was introduced in the United States.

For Good Films

Minard Takes Lead in Encouraging British and Canadian Sentiment

The Good Films Committee desire to go on record as being heartily in accord with all movements tending to raise the standard of Motion Picture entertainments in Manitoba with a view to encouraging British and Canadian sentiment and clear ideals of family life.

The committee urge a closer co-operation between the board of censors and the citizen in order that the public may have a fuller understanding of the side-issues involved in this universal form of recreation, which is undoubtedly doing much to mould the sentiment of the rising generation.

It is strongly advocated that constantly recurring ideas and suggestions in pictures dealing with seduction and seducity; shady methods of divorce; vicious underworld characters and methods of life; sex immorality and the depiction of assault upon women be suppressed.

The lead taken by Manitoba in this connection might well be followed by other prairie provinces. The educational value of the moving picture is second only to our newspapers, and it is therefore of paramount importance that pictures depicting violence and the highest and best ideals should be shown. Let everyone interested themselves in helping to raise the standard of motion picture productions.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Make A Home on the Farm

A Farm Must Be Self-Supporting Before A Farmer Can Become A Contented Home-maker

One theme the present movement among the farming population of the west is the lack of home values. What do I mean by that? I mean, that the average farmer in the northwest region regards himself as a temporary occupant of the land rather than as a permanent fixture permanent citizen of the country. As a result of this feeling he has not developed the home-making habit. He intends to get a big crop sometime and will sell to someone from the east. No country can be prosperous until the farmers have a settled determination not only to live in the country but to die there. A community without graveyard is an uncertain quantity.

The farm home must be self-supporting. The farmer who sells his hogs and buys him and bacon, who sells his cream and buys butter and the farmer who raises cattle and lives on condensed milk, will never become a contented home-maker.

A one-acre system will never develop on a contented community. The farmer must first of all be a "producer" — he must content to his farm in one far as he regards it as a home for himself and his family.

A sheep farm will never become a home, neither will a cattle ranch nor a wheat farm. A farm home that is sustained by a few cows, hens, hogs, and pigs is sufficient to support a family, including goats, to consume the forage of the farm will hold a contented family for generations.

The last three years have demonstrated the inability of trying to develop a country with one crop. The farmers of the so-called dry farming states must diversify their crops, plant corn, durum, wheat, flax, barley, and other crops that can be fed on the place. Then get by any means possible the stock to feed it up and and there will be no returning to the homes in the east and middle west.

A farm home without chickens and calves, and pigs and lambs, and cows is like a home without children. It is a nuisance for any child to be born and raised on a farm that is not stocked with animal pets.

The farm home must be self-sustaining. We must get back to some of the customs of our fathers when nearly everything that was needed by the family was produced at home, when the family made its own sugar, raised its own honey, killed its own meat, and made its butter and soap, when the cellar was filled with everything that was good to eat, and the garden with delicious fruit. We as farmers may be forced to go back to the days of pioneers and striving to clothe the family, for at the present rate of increase of cost there will be no other way. We must abandon the idea that the farm is a factory and make of it a home where we can live and escape to some degree the producer — we must make a home of the farm — a Scientific Farm.

Canada Secures Orders in Rumania
The Canadian Association of Women-Lenins has secured orders in Rumania to the value of \$2,500,000. The Association sent an agent to Rumania to handle lines of Canadian woolens in southeastern Europe.

Insures long life

Imperial Mica Asle Grease and Imperial Eureka Harness Oil insure long life for wagons and harness. Put up in convenient tins and sold by dealers everywhere.

Imperial Mica Asle Grease
Not only lubricates, but smooths the surface of the axle and binds with a coating of powdered mica, thus reducing friction and lessening the strain on horses and harnesses.

Imperial Eureka Harness Oil
Keeps harnesses soft and supple, pliable and strong, prevents cracking and breaking of stitches, preserves harness against the action of sweat, moisture and dirt, also warms and softens. Imperial Eureka Harness Oil imparts a rich, black, lasting finish.



Smoke Screens

Secret Used With Great Success By The British Navy

The secret of such success by the British Navy in the north on Ostend and Zeebrugge is definitely disclosed. They were produced from an acid, which has to be burned in the presence of a sufficient amount of water vapor, otherwise the smoke produced even over the sea, is liable to be some what thin or dry.

Commander Brock, who sacrificed his life in the assault on the German defenses at the Belgian ports, devised the plan to feed the acid in a fine spray into the funnel of a destroyer, where the temperature was sufficient to vaporize the acid, and the water vapor present completed the formation of a cloud.

Wise men always do a little hunting on their own account while waiting for good luck to come and join them a while.

Fowler's Grape Codder

"IT'S MIGHTY GOOD" Buy It By The Gallon From Your Dealer

More Drastic Methods
If the Sun Feinners were carrying on operations under the stars and stripes, instead of the Union Jack, the whole Sun Fein movement, like ancient Gaul, could be divided into three parts: one part in the graveyard; one part in the penitentiary; and the other part in process of being shot into the air, or into the cemetery—Toronto Telegram.

Nutmegs are kernels of the fruit of a tree cultivated in Sumatra, Java and the West Indies. The shape and size of this fruit resembles a peach, and when ripe, it easily splits in two parts, showing the kernel (or nutmeg) and mace, which surrounds it.

ONLY TABLETS MARKED "BAYER" ARE ASPIRIN

Not Aspirin at All without the "Bayer Cross"



The name "Bayer" on Aspirin is a guarantee of quality. It identifies the only genuine Aspirin—Bayer's Aspirin. Bayer's Aspirin is made in Germany, and is the only Aspirin made in Germany.

Always buy an unbroken package of Bayer's Aspirin. The last three years have demonstrated the inability of trying to develop a country with one crop. The farmers of the so-called dry farming states must diversify their crops, plant corn, durum, wheat, flax, barley, and other crops that can be fed on the place. Then get by any means possible the stock to feed it up and and there will be no returning to the homes in the east and middle west.

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W. N. U. 1313



Sunflowers Multiply Farm Profits in Western Canada

Silus and sunflowers promise to revolutionize farming methods in Western Canada. This promise is revealed by the results of various tests that have been made in various parts of the prairie provinces for several months past.

That silus on the farm practically double the stock carrying capacity of the land is a fact well proved by the experience of thousands of farmers in all parts of the North American continent; while practical experience in the growing of sunflowers made on farms and experimental stations in various parts of Western Canada show that twice as large a yield per acre can be obtained with sunflowers as with corn or any other entilage. So very satisfactory were the results obtained last season in widely separated parts of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba, both in growing sunflowers and using them for entilage, that it is safe to say that a considerable area will be planted to this crop in 1920.

Perhaps the best crop of sunflowers in Western Canada that has been harvested on the Demonstration Farm at Strathmore, Alberta. From about eight acres of land an average yield of 346 bushels to the acre was obtained. The land on which it was grown was irrigated. It might be added that with irrigation the season was most profitable. The yield was heavier than can usually be expected, but, generally speaking, twenty-five to thirty tons of silage per acre to the acre can safely be looked for on irrigated land in Southern Alberta.

Sunflowers were also grown with great success on land in districts where irrigation is not necessary. At Olds, a yield of thirty tons of silage per acre was obtained by one farmer. At Castor fourteen tons to the acre was gathered, and at Dwylland Thomas Noble harvested fifteen tons to the acre. All these places are in central Alberta and the yields were obtained in a season that was unusually dry. Given a season with an average rainfall the yields would have been enormous. Mr. Noble finds sunflowers good selling crop, and feeds his cattle with them in July and August, besides filling his silos.

Silage similar to those obtained in Central Alberta were harvested in the various parts of Saskatchewan and Manitoba where sunflowers were grown, and it seems to have been sufficiently proved that they will grow and give enormous yields almost anywhere in Western Canada. With the whole of the three provinces becoming rapidly settled, and consequently the free range upon which settlers used to rely for a part of their cattle feed, is rapidly disappearing, and the farmer is becoming more and more dependent on the land for his cattle feed. Enlarged it will enable him to increase his herd, without having to increase the size of his farm.

It is likely that to improve the whole agricultural system of the country and bring bigger returns to the farmer.

Tests are being conducted at the Manitoba Agricultural College. At the college six acres are being used in the test, which is being worked over several periods of three weeks each, with different rotations. During the

Three weeks they were given sunflowers these also gave 42.7 bushels more milk than during the previous three weeks when they were fed corn silage. They also showed a slight increase in weight.

Feeding tests show sunflowers in just as favorable a light as the harvested yields. Professor G. H. Burton, Superintendent of Agriculture and Animal Industry of the Canadian Pacific Railway, has shown that the feeding value of sunflower silage is superior to that of corn or of peas and oats mixed during the past winter. Forty Holstein cows on the company's farm at Strathmore, Alberta, were successfully rationed on corn, peas and oats, and sunflower silage for periods of two weeks, each cow being given thirty pounds of silage daily. Only the last seven days of each period were covered in the tests. The results show that during the period of sunflower feeding the cows gained weight, the milk containing slightly higher percentage of butter fat, and the animals gained more weight than during the periods with the other food.

Professor G. H. Burton, head of the Department of Field Husbandry of the University of Alberta has devoted much time to a study of the sunflower as a silage crop for the Canadian prairies. "The mammoth Russian noble harvested fifteen tons of silage per acre," says Professor Burton. "This is a single stalk variety, having huge heads from twelve to fifteen inches in diameter. Under such conditions even in the driest parts of the country this crop can be expected to yield from thirty to thirty tons of very good forage, per acre. The usual tonnage of corn is easily exceeded. At the University of Saskatchewan the sunflower has been grown for two years, and they state that when ensiled the stock is very fond of it, and that they are able to feed at the rate of thirty pounds per animal per day with good results. We have grown sunflowers here at the University for several years, and we did not find that it takes a yield test until this year. We have also culled some of the crop for the purpose of testing its suitability. Personally, I think that there can be no question about the suitability of the crop for entilage purposes. It contains the finest sort of high yields, drought resistance and evidently splendid feeding qualities."

From the foregoing, and much more that could be added to it, it seems certain that the sunflower is destined to become an important crop in the Canadian west. With a yield of double, and a feeding value of at least equal, that of any other fodder crop, it will enable double the number of head of stock to be raised on the same land, and with the use of silos this number can be further multiplied.

With crop generally grown, the dairy industry, which has already made immense strides in Western Canada, will receive a further great impetus. It is claimed that equally satisfactory results are obtainable with sunflowers in the feeding of sheep, and also in the growing of this crop will enable mixed farming to be carried on more successfully, thus ensuring still greater prosperity, not only among the farming community, but in the country generally.

Work of Advisory Research Council

Activities in the Development of the Natural Resources of the Dominion

Some very excellent work has been done during the past year by the Government Advisory Council of Scientific and Industrial Research. In the period of reconstruction, the activities in the development of the Natural Resources of the Dominion and the application of the most scientific methods to the utilization of these resources. Among the problems to which the country has given attention, that arising out of the production and use of industrial alcohol, industrial alcohol can be made from many vegetable products, and it is to the utilization of these that investigations are being conducted. The consumption of industrial alcohol in Canada in 1919 was about 125,000 gallons, while in the United States, during 1919, 40,000,000 gallons were consumed. It is estimated that the waste materials destroyed annually in the Dominion from which industrial alcohol could be produced would supply from 60 to 70 million gallons.

The utilization of fish waste is one of the greatest importance in the development of the Canadian supply of fertilizer, owing to its high content of both nitrogen and phosphoric acid, and two of three important plant food elements, and to it the council has devoted a great deal of attention. The fish waste in Canada during 1919 is placed at 300,000 tons, of which 75,000 tons consist of protein, which can be used in the manufacture of stock foods and fats. Investigations have so far produced such results that private capital has been attracted to the organization, and a large company organized to conduct operations at Canoe, N.S. It is estimated that the full utilization of fish waste in the Dominion would result in an annual production of nearly \$10,000,000 worth of cattle and food.

The treatment of Canada's low grade iron ore deposits, which are very extensive, and its utilization, is being fostered by the council, and grants have been made for devising new methods of reduction. Results secured from experiments conducted for the purpose of producing lignite briquettes, which is claimed to have equal value in heating to that of coal, but we did not find that it takes a yield test until this year. As a consequence, as already mentioned, it has been decided to erect a \$400,000 briquetting plant at Blenheim, Sask., with a capacity of 30,000 tons of briquettes a year.

The conservation of the supply of helium in the Dominion is another subject which has received attention from the council. This product is secured principally from gas wells and was used in airships during the war. Large quantities may be obtained from the natural gas wells of Canada, and Professor J. McLaughlin, of the University of Toronto, is conducting further investigation into its properties, the demand for which, since the termination of the war, has been slight.

Heir to Throne Clever Pilot
It is not generally known that the Prince of Wales pilots a private aeroplane of his own, an aero, which is piloted, or rather hanged, at Croydon aerodrome, where Prince Albert also keeps a machine. The heir to the throne is a clever pilot and very keen, but, for obvious reasons, he is not allowed to fly alone.

Civic Cleanliness
"Bobby, what did you do with your peanut shells in the car?"
"I put 'em in the overcoat pocket of that man I was sitting by."

New British Type Of Wind-Motor

Permits Safe Use to be Made of the Strongest Gales

The increasing cost of fuel in all parts of the world has drawn attention to the lower possibilities of wind-mills, or "wind motors," as they are more generally described by engineers. Up to the present wind motors have been used mainly for pumping water and to a much smaller extent for generating electricity. In the latter case they have the great drawback that light winds do not drive them fast enough to produce the required voltage, while high winds drive them so fast that the generators are apt to be burned out. To obviate these difficulties a British engineer has patented what amounts to an electrical variable speed gear. This device enables the equipment to generate current at the desired voltage with any wind strong enough to turn the windmill and it also permits safe use to be made of the strongest gales.

The efficiency of the arrangement is therefore very high and it is enhanced by an entirely new design of wind motor. Instead of the usual rigid wings rotating round a horizontal axis, adjustable rectangles move round a vertical axis, coming up to the wind edgewise and going with it broadside. As a convenient and economical source of electric power in districts where the fuel problem is serious this British invention offers an attractive prospect.

A Permanent Wild West

A Real Wild West Resort to Be Established Near High River

Guy Weadick, the well-known cowboy stampee impresario and expert Wild West performer, has just purchased the Kuch ranch near High River, in Southern Alberta, and according to a report in the Calgary Herald is going to remodel it into a real Wild West resort. The property is an excellent one, very beautifully situated in the fork of the Flat River and the north fork of the Highwood River, the land bordering on the waters of both streams. This spot is only eleven miles distant from the ranch recently purchased by the Prince of Wales.

Mr. Weadick and his wife, known professionally as Grace La Due, are world celebrities as expert riding and Wild West performers. Mr. Weadick has to his credit the management of the greatest and most successful stampee ever undertaken, including those held at Calgary, Winnipeg and New York.

The ranch will be so equipped as to afford patrons the experience and pleasure of a bit of the real thing in the Wild West. It will provide a different kind of a holiday for those who are unable to pay the price, where they can do what they like and when they like without the formalities necessary at a fashionable resort. This enterprise is to be fashioned after and conducted in a like manner to that of another in Wyoming, which has so prospered as to yield a fine return to the proprietor.

High River will be the closest point of rail connection with this Wild West resort, and it is likely that this point will also be the place of training and assembly of animals, equipment and men for the vaudeville acts and Wild West shows, which are from time to time presented by Mr. Weadick.

Great Britain has so far realized \$555,000,000 from the sale of surplus stores and property since the armistice.

Transforming Face Of The Prairies By Planting Trees

About fifteen years ago a campaign of tree planting was set on foot in Western Canada, and the face of the prairie has since been gradually transformed by the introduction of millions of trees which have changed the baldness of the prairie into landscape of value to many farms, and when the entire prairie has undergone the transformation in progress the value of farm lands will have gone up many millions.

The tree-planting movement has always had the encouragement of the Dominion government and the Canadian Pacific Railway, both of which distribute trees and seed free of cost to the prairie farmers. Forest trees are grown from seed at the 480-acre Government Nursery at Indian Head, Saskatchewan, and at the Canadian Pacific Nursery at Wolfestown. A recent telegraphic report from Indian Head states that during the past five seasons, an average of nearly five million seedlings have been distributed among farmers from the government nurseries there, the average number of prairie farmers receiving these annually being 4,405. Since the nurseries were established in 1901, 53,142,000 seedlings and cuttings have been distributed through the prairie provinces.

Successful culture of the trees is insured by the system of distribution employed by both government and railway. Farmers must take their application a year in advance, and must agree to prepare their land under direction before they receive the trees. Inspectors visit the farms from time to time to see that the directions are being followed and that the trees are being given proper attention in the matter of cultivation. By planting trees and having out a shelter belt the farmer has found what he considers an ideal combination of beauty and business. He not only transforms the prairie and beautifies his home, but, without expense to himself, he acquires a considerable financial value to his farm. Aside from the purely obvious benefits derived, such as the general improvement of conditions, protection against wind and shelter for animals, highly interesting results have been obtained from these prairie trees that once were no barren tree growth. Land sown to Russian Poplar cut 18 1/2 cords of marketable firewood to the acre in the eighth year of its growth. It has been found, too, as belt trees grow older, more valuable materials can be harvested, such as poles, posts, small timbers, and, in the case of the larch, tool handles, neck-yokes, etc. As well as quantities of fuel.

As an incentive to the tree-planting on the prairie is the protection that these belts will give a young grove. It has been proved that a forest belt will give fifty feet of protection to every foot in height the trees grow. It has been found that in violent winter storms trees which have protected growing crops should be roughly 750 feet out, while beyond the influence of the trees, the grain is blown over until it is finally obliterated.

Electricity From Sunlight

Day May Arrive When Electric Power Stations Will Not Be Needed

An interesting suggestion about the "power of tomorrow" is made by a writer in the British Nineteenth Century. He looks forward cheerfully to the day when all our electric power stations will be useless except for museum purposes. Noting that electricity is akin to light, he points out that all that is necessary is to find some way of overcoming the disparity in wave-length between the two. Admitting that there are extraordinary difficulties in the way, he thinks that they may eventually be overcome and that we shall derive our electricity direct from sunlight. When that takes place, industrial supremacy will be transferred to tropical countries. Meanwhile, Sir Charles Parsons, the famous turbine inventor, has conceived his suggestion of finding unlimited sources of power from the heat of the earth by digging at least 600 miles deep. British scientific imagination is clearly in a very active condition.

\$10,000 for a Carload of Flax
A carload of flax sold this week at Winnipeg, Manitoba, brought its owners a total of \$10,010.18. The car contained 1,021 bushels and sold at \$58.88 a bushel.

This is believed to be the highest price ever obtained in Winnipeg for a single carload of grain.

A stitch at nine may prevent a rip at ten.

Agricultural Statistics OF Saskatchewan

The Growing Importance of the Dairy Industry

In the year 1919 the province of Saskatchewan had 10,387,363 acres taken to cereal, according to the statement of the Bureau of Statistics, and the average yield on this area was 8.3 bushels, giving a total production of 85,990,683 bushels of this grain. A total of 4,837,247 acres was sown to oats, yielding an average of 23.1 bushels to the acre or a gross production of 112,212,363 bushels. The total production of barley was 8,705,301 bushels coming from 402,586 acres with an average yield of 18.2 bushels. Flax, which was sown on 320,645 acres produced 48 bushels on an average with a total of 4,489,761. Winter rye, which is coming into greater favor with Saskatchewan farmers, was grown on 200,862 acres, and the yield amounted to 3,400,361 bushels from an average production of 16.9 bushels. 10,100 Peas, beans and mixed grains accounted for \$300,000 in the province's production. Grain products and poultry products were valued at \$2,626,680, hay, corn, and alfalfa yielded 381,403 tons.

The most outstanding feature in the province's array of figures is the growing importance of the dairy industry, butter, cheese, milk, cream and poultry products, the greater part of which was marketed by the Department of Agriculture, realized the sum of \$580,000.

In the stock, Saskatchewan has been steadily forging ahead and today leads the Dominion in the number of cattle, surpassed by Ontario and Alberta only. The number of horses and mules is given as 1,092,974 and cattle 1,282,563. The number of sheep is 911 and swine 432,367. The total value of live stock in the province in 1919 is estimated at \$26,422,101 as compared with \$26,713,345 in 1918. The amount of breaking prepared during 1919 shows a slight decrease compared with 1918, doubtless due to the dry weather experienced in the newer parts of the province, the total being \$68,759 acres. Summer fallowing shows an increase over the same period, 4,395,746 being prepared. Fall ploughing was accomplished on 498,754 acres.

Lord Mayor's Diamonds
The most costly budge of office probably in the world is worn by the Lord Mayor of London. It contains diamonds to the value of \$600,000 and each holder of it during his term of office is called upon to give a bond for its safe custody before he is sworn in, and the diamonds entitled to its possession.

Canada's Population

Estimate Shows a Total Population For All Canada of 8,835,102

The Census Department has just completed an estimate of the population of Canada, by province, for the year 1919. It is based on the known population increases as shown by the censuses of 1901 and 1911, and carried along in the same ratio logarithmically. While it makes no pretence of being absolutely correct, comparisons with estimates of actual figures in the past have shown that it is approximately so. The estimate shows a total population for all Canada of 8,835,102. The estimates for the different provinces are as follows:

Ontario, 2,820,909; Prince Edward Island, 93,728; Quebec, 2,305,328; Saskatchewan, 754,090; North West Territories, 18,881; Yukon, 8,512.

"You know, I don't mind, I was going to ask you to dinner with me tonight, but I just heard Smith remark that you were going to eat with him."
"Oh—what time do you eat?"
"Six o'clock."
"Well, that's all right, old boy, Smith doesn't eat till seven—Judge."

Good Roads Policy

Sum of \$20,000,000 was appropriated to Carry Out Good Roads Policy

At the last regular session of the Federal Parliament the sum of \$20,000,000 was appropriated to carry out the good roads policy, the money to be spread out over a period of five years. This sum represents forty per cent of the total outlay on extending and improving roads and highways, sixty per cent of the expenditure being borne by the various provincial governments. On a basis of population this would cut as follows:

Province	Population	Amount
Alberta	407,710	\$2,216,715
B. C.	1,251,955	1,872,932
Manitoba	1,602,705	2,403,397
New Brunswick	1,274,567	1,911,850
Nova Scotia	1,468,720	2,203,080
Ontario	5,877,275	8,515,912
E. Island	60,635	905,182
Quebec	4,748,420	7,122,640
Saskatchewan	1,800,255	2,709,382

The expenditure will be made by the provinces on the basis of contract but the plan must be up to a certain standard, according to the traffic to be handled, and must be approved by the federal authorities.



Princess Mary Inspecting the Girl Guides at St. Andrew's Hall, Norwich, England.

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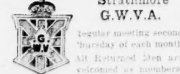
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Regular meeting second

Tuesday of each month

All Returned Men are

admitted as members.

H. H. FORWARD, D. FRENCH

Secretary President

Dr. J. M. Brand

VETERINARY SURGEON

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RESIDENCE PHONE

District News Items

Hervey

Mr. Fred Sierst spent a couple of days in Calgary last week. He reports the roads "pretty touchy."

Mr. John Kent was also in Calgary for a short time last week.

Mr. Fred MacKenzie is now living on Mr. Bennett's place, the house at Hervey and also the farm formerly occupied by him is being worked by some of our Japanese colonists this summer. We wish them success.

The U.F.A. meeting called for last Saturday was postponed until this week the weather being so unpleasant.

There is very little news on the go, everyone is getting busy and there much need of hustle just now.

The school garden is all ready for the laying out of plots. The children got to work on Thursday and Friday and dug it. Some workers those children.

The following is the standing of the classes for April.

Grade IX

1st Dorothy Kent

2nd Gertrude Chamberlain

Grade VII

1st Nora Chamberlain

2nd Stewart Kearns

Grade IV

1st Kate Chamberlain

Billie McKay

2nd Billie Siegrist

Grade I

1st Leslie Kent

2nd Arthur Kent

Perfect Attendance

Frank Siegrist

Billie McKay

Percentage of attendance for month

85.50

Namaka

The Rev. J. Lee, of the Victoria Church, Calgary preached in the I.O. O.F. Hall on Sunday, on behalf of missions. Mr. Lee was located in Glenhead 12 years ago and preached weekly in Namaka where he opened a mission. The first congregation gathered in Mike Brown's store.

Seedling is now in full swing though the soil on the lower fields is still on the wet side.

The Owl Club met at Mrs. Sim's on Saturday evening. It is proposed to hold a big dance on the evening of the 21st May.

We understand that the young bull saved from drowning in the Service River Creek was Miss Daisy Curtis, who is well known locally.

She was for some time with Mrs. Theo Thompson and during the epidemic nursed a number of the patients in a very efficient manner.

The result of the exams at Chesholm Agricultural School are now to hand and are very gratifying. All the local students did good work showing that they had not wasted their time or opportunity. The following is their standing in the list.

Girls

Greta Watson, 8th, average 80

Boys

J. B. Lawrie, 2nd, 88

S. W. Lawrie 5th, 88

Loy Wheeler, 11th, 82

The G.F.W.A. held their postponed meeting at Mrs. Lowe's on Saturday first. The bad state of the roads prevented this meeting being held on the proper date.

Cheadle

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Payne, Harold Payne and mother were back and visitors to Calgary.

Mr. and Mrs. Cliff are in Calgary where Mr. Cliff has gone to have his eyes treated.

Stanley Kluff is relieving Bill Kluff at the station.

Deck Keesz is around after a weeks illness.

Seedling has started in this district, the ground and the roads are drying up fast.

Sim Meyers has started repairing the roads where the wash outs were the worst.

Carsland News

Mr. and Mrs. Oldham were city visitors this week. They took their three-week-old baby to the doctor.

Mr. and Mrs. Gale Field were in Calgary during the week.

Several new men landed on Friday morning's train for bridge work.

Miss Loma Kaupp is assisting with W. L. Brown store.

Constable Valk of Strathmore is in town for a couple of days on business.

Several of the farmers close into town got on the land this week. The heavy winter weather has dried up the roads, all except the mud holes. Now fix the mud holes and the cars will run fine.

B. H. Kennedy has started a shoe repair shop in the room formerly used as an office at Oldham's Garage.

Mr. Harper is having his new house painted.

Geo McCaskill is busy painting W. L. Brown's store.

Some of the sports were having a little wet out the other morning. Say by the looks of their actions the "Cubs" will not be in it this year.

Mr. Howe finds that the accommodation at the Carsland Hotel is not adequate and intends enlarging his building in a year or so.

Rev. Lockhart was down from Calgary last Saturday and parked his furniture.

High School Results

The following are the results of the April Examinations in the High School and grades seven and eight.

Grade XII

Average 75

Elton Holmes

Grade XI

H. Bulker

Grade X

H. Sim

P. Luck

S. Miller

M. Stockton

M. Chamberlain

M. Anderson

A. Lambert

M. McElhoes

S. Chamberlain

S. Mackay

L. Jones

Grade IX

W. Kerek

M. Pinkerton

A. Dorney

I. Lodge

C. Brown

Below 50

K. Cleave

C. Lambert

W. McElhoes

Grade VIII

M. Miller

F. Schauffelt

E. Anderson

R. Kimberling

M. Sim

Below 50

A. Gray

C. Jones

Grade VII

M. Anderson

M. Cleave

Alice Way

Below 50

Gordon McElhoes

W. Booriz

M. Brown

H. Tucker

K. Kimberling

C. A. Mackay

Principal

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